







Children, Seniors, and Families Committee
Special Joint Meeting with City of San Jose
PSFSS

HOUSING OPTIONS AND
OPPORTUNITIES AVAILABLE FOR
SURVIVORS OF GENDER-BASED
VIOLENCE AND CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE

Survivor Testimonial

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Panelist

From Crisis to Long-Term Sustainability

HOUSING STRATEGIES FOR SURVIVORS OF GBV



Challenges Housing and Sexual Assault

- Prior to Covid-19 many SA clients could only access 3-day emergency hoteling after fleeing homes with sexual assault
 - If domestic violence was also present the family could then qualify into our domestic violence shelters
- With more families living in homes with multiple families we are seeing incidents of sexual violence that occurred among roommates and would not qualify for emergency IPV shelter because they did not qualify as *Intimate Partner Violence* survivors



24 (40%) cases, the parent (or survivor) experienced IPV

60 (43%) involve cases with youth under the age 17

140 SA Survivors receiving services currently

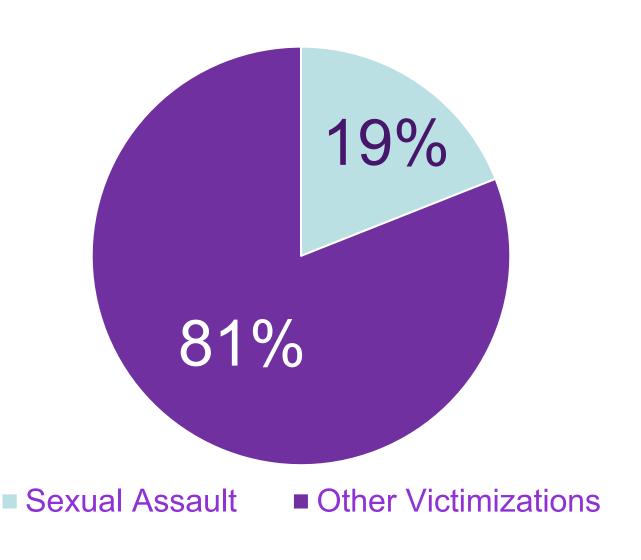


Housing and Sexual Assault

- Many parents are tasked with trying to stabilize and find income, while not having access to daycare or support systems for their children (maybe due to safety, loss of support systems, distrust of outside providers) which impacts their ability to earn and qualify for rooms/apartments for rent
- Homeless adult clients who experience sexual violence by other homeless individuals now have to use the same homeless shelters and spaces which puts them more at risk.



Snapshot of 105 Homeless GBV Survivors Served





ENSURE A CONTINUUM OF CULTURALLY RESPONSIVE POLICIES, SERVICES AND SUPPORT THAT PRIORITIZES SURVIVORS' WELLBEING FROM CRISIS TO LONG-TERM SUSTAINABILITY.



Crisis/Urgent

Establishing Basic Needs



Stabilization

Transitioning Towards Self Sufficiency & Economic Empowerment



Sustainability

Maintaining Permanent Housing



Supportive Housing System Map

Outreach



- Engages individuals who are homeless and living in places not meant for human habitation
- Access Point
- Locate those referred to housing opportunities

Homelessness Prevention



Prevents individuals and families from becoming homeless

Emergency Shelter



- Access point for assessment and other resources
- Safe place, meal, shower for individuals who are homeless

Coordinated Assessment System



- Front door to housing resources
- Matches to appropriate housing opportunities

Permanent Supportive Housing

Long term subsidy for individuals who have been homeless and who are living with a disability



Transitional Housing



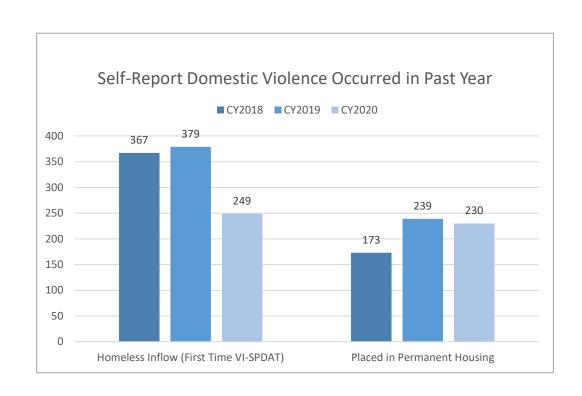
- Temporary housing and services
- Target populations: veterans, youth, PSH searching for unit

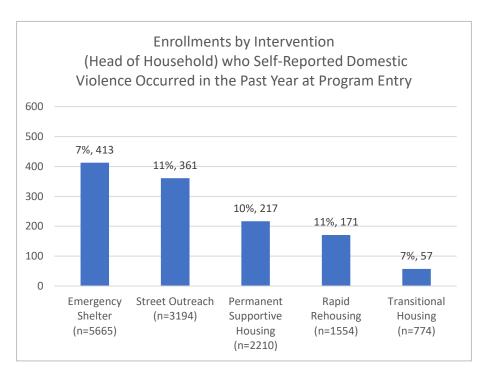
Rapid Rehousing



- Short term financial assistance and support services
- Exit to permanent housing without subsidy

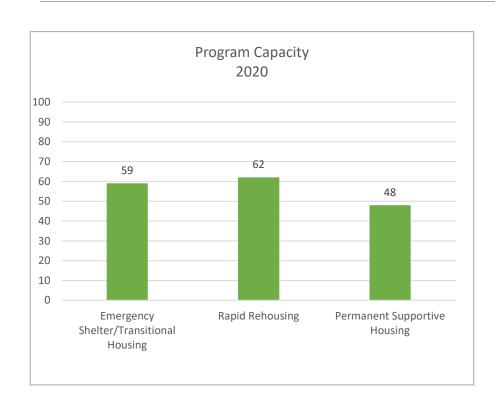
Analysis of Survivors: Served through the Supportive Housing System

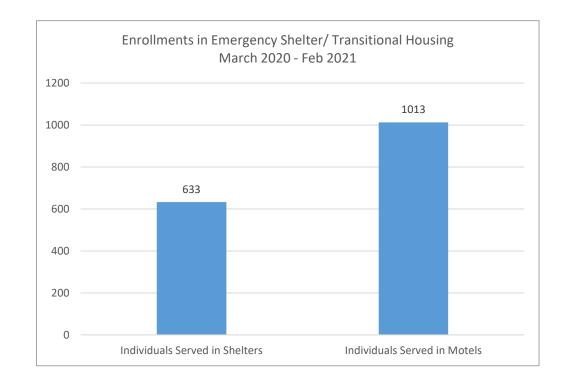




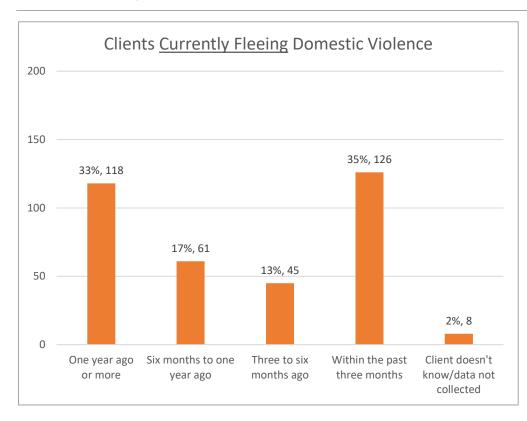
• Between July 1, 2020 and April 23, 2021 of those served through the Homelessness Prevention System, 215 clients reported a domestic violence occurrence.

Analysis of Survivors: Service through a victims service provider





Analysis of Survivors: Current Need



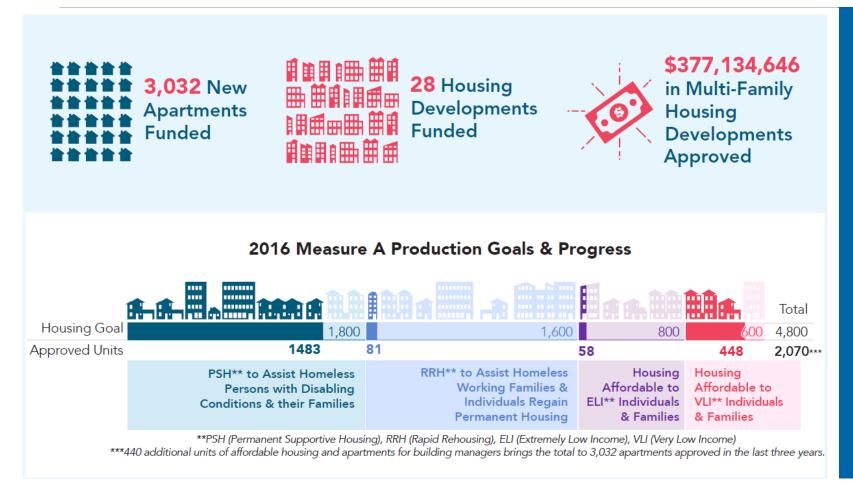
Characteristics of those currently fleeing domestic violence

- 358 clients on the Community Queue reported currently fleeing from Domestic Violence
 - 323 households are single adults.
 - 35 households include a household size of two or more.
 - 267 are female, 83 are male and 6 are transgender.

Their housing intervention is:

- 77% Permanent Supportive Housing
- 22% Rapid Rehousing
- 1% Minimal Intervention

Housing Opportunities: New Housing Developments



YEAR 4 IMPLEMENTATION \$533,001,5 IN MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING **DEVELOPMENT APPROVED 618 UNITS RENOVATED** HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS FIRST-TIME HOMEBUYER PROGRAM

*As of February, 2021. The implementation update does not include County acquisitions.

Housing Rights and Tenant Protections

Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)

- <u>VAWA 1994</u>: in response to rising incidences of domestic abuse and strong advocacy and public support, Congress passed the VAWA to provide federal resources for coordinated responses to violence
- <u>VAWA 2005</u>: language amended to protect victims from admission denials, subsidy terminations, and evictions due to their abusers' acts
- VAWA 2013: expanded housing protections, added coverage of sexual assault victims, and mandated compliance from additional housing program

VAWA Crimes Defined in Federal Legislation

<u>Sexual assault</u>: any nonconsensual sexual act proscribed by Federal, tribal, or State law, including when the victim lacks capacity to consent

<u>Domestic violence</u>: includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by the perpetrator

olt is important to note that the 2013 reauthorization broadened this definition, no longer requiring the abuse be perpetrated by a spouse

VAWA Final Rule

Emergency Shelters, Short-term Supported Housing, and Safe Haven Coverage in the Rule:

While these projects are not subject to many of the VAWA related requirements, ALL types of housing projects are prohibited from denying admission to a housing program or terminating housing assistance based on an applicant being a victim or survivor of a VAWA defined crime.

Recommendations

CRISIS PHASE FOR ADULTS

Homeless shelter for women, or female identifying individuals

CRISIS FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES

- Shelter for individuals and families fleeing sexual assault with their children for one year
 - Emergency Shelter for women, or female identifying individuals and their children
 - Setup like Depot Commons to include day care services

STABLIZATION FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES

 Adding daycare funds to housing programs to allow women with children opportunities to access – or creating pathways with day care providers for this (supporting female entrepreneurs)

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Recommendations Continued

Create a Work Group to identify real property, community based organizations, State, City and County partnerships to address current challenges and propose a 5- year collaborative approach to curb existing housing issues for survivors of all forms of sexual of Gender-Based Violence (.e. IPV, SA, HT).

Identify resources and infrastructure to ensure sustainability for Survivors

Questions