

Housing

City's COVID-19 Response: Emergency Rental Assistance Program

February 9, 2021 Item 3.5

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2020 Rental Relief & Direct Assistance

• \$31 million countywide

- Rental relief & direct financial assistance.
- Local, state, federal, & philanthropic funds.

• 14,000 families assisted countywide

- 77% Extremely Low-Income (30% of AMI or less)
- 94% BIPOC households.
- Income declined by 2/3.
- Average income \$1,000/month. Average rent \$1,700/month.
- Back rent owed averaged \$5,000.
- 25% unable to access an online payment platform
- For 40% of Phase 3 households, program was unable to connect with a landlord to accept a rental assistance payment

Community + Economic Recovery Objectives



Invest in Our Most Vulnerable Residents, Small Businesses, and Non-Profits Empower Our Community with Resources that Build Resiliency



Partner to Stabilize and Improve Outcomes for All

Differing Realities

Most in need of significant intervention due to impacts of the pandemic.

Significant reduction in income but adapting with assistance.

Successfully transitioned to shelter-in-place/work-fromhome with limited or minimal impact to income and service needs.







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2021 Policy & Program Priorities

Who to Prioritize

- Extremely low-income households (30% of AMI or less)
 - Households at risk of displacement when eviction protections end

Program Design

- Partner with trusted community partners for outreach, intake, and case management to help reach the most vulnerable and hardest to reach
- Outreach to zip codes with the highest rates of COVID-19 cases and/or job loss
- Simple, easy to use application forms
- Simplified payment systems
- Meet federal requirements and prevent duplication

Treasury Department Emergency Rental Assistance

\$25 billion, distributed to states & jurisdictions with 200,000+ residents.

- San José: \$30.38M*
- Santa Clara County: \$26.9M*
- State of California: \$1.5 B

*direct allocation from Treasury



Treasury Department Emergency Rental Assistance

What can funds be used for?

- Back and forward rent, utility payments, other housing expenses.
- Assistance for 12 months, with the option for the City to extend another 3 months.
 - Required to assist with back rent first before paying forward rent.
 - Forward rent can only be provided for 3 months, but households can reapply after the 3 months.
 - Preference is for paying the landlord or utility directly.



Treasury Department Emergency Rental Assistance

Who qualifies?

- 1. Households with one or more individuals that qualify for unemployment benefits or can attest in writing a reduction in income or financial hardship due to pandemic,
- 2. Demonstrate risk of homelessness, and
- 3. Has household income below 80% AMI with priority for households below 50% AMI or those who have been unemployed for 90 days.
- Cannot duplicate other Federal housing assistance.

Program Design

- \$1.5 billion statewide, allocated by population
 - \$32M reserved for San José
 - \$28M reserved for County
- One statewide partner (LISC)
- Online application portal + multilingual call center
- Focus on landlords and back rent
- Launch by March 15

RENT

Landlords

- Pays 80% of back rent for each eligible household in their rental properties
- Covers April 1, 2020 through March 30, 2021 (no forward rent)
- Landlord agrees to forgive any remaining arrears for the given household for that period.
- If landlord moves to evict, the Court must consider whether landlord has refused rental assistance funds.

Tenants

- If the landlord refuses to participate, then the household can receive 25% of their arrears for that same period, which must then be paid to the landlord.
- Landlords cannot discriminate on this income source.
- Priority for tenants at/below 50% of AMI
- Priority for those who have 90+ days of unemployment

OPTION A

State Program

- City distributes its \$30M direct allocation of funds via the State's partner LISC.
- City funds combined with \$32M in State funds banked for San José households.

<u>RISKS</u>

- Lack of local connection.
- Program would follow State model (80% to landlords/25% to tenants) and priorities.

OPTION B

City Self-Administered Program

- City applies for State block grant by Feb. 12.
- State provides funds by Feb. 19.
- Block grant equal to \$32M in funds banked for San José households.
- City administers State dollars + direct allocation dollars = \$62M.

<u>RISKS</u>

- Program MUST follow State model (80% to landlords/25% to tenants) and adhere to State requirements for a "conforming program."
- Block grant must be spent by August 1, 2021.
 - Federal deadline is Dec. 31, 2021.

OPTION C

Hybrid Program (Self-Administer + State)

<u>CITY</u>

- Administers \$30M in direct dollars.
- Sets local program priorities (within federal requirements).
- Can prioritize households at 30% of AMI.
- Can pay 12 months back rent + 3 months future rent.
- Can refer landlords

<u>STATE</u>

- State partner administers State dollars.
- \$32M still allocated to San José.
- 80% payment to landlords. 25% to tenants.
- Prioritizes households at 50% of AMI; funds up to 80% of AMI if funds available.

RISK: State places burden of ensuring funds aren't duplicated on local jurisdictions choosing Option 3.





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Next Steps: City of San José

Recommendation

- Pursue Option C Hybrid Program
- Decline to apply for a State block grant

Next Steps

- Nonprofit partner survey of participants in progress
- Feb. 18: Listening Sessions with partners/potential partners
- Feb. 23 (tentative): Contract Authority to City Council and Board of Supervisors