

April 4, 2019

Honorable Mayor Sam Liccardo and City Council City of San José 200 East Santa Clara Street San José, CA 95113

**Executive Committee** 

2019 BOARD CHAIR Marc Parkinson Petrinovich Pugh & Company

1<sup>st</sup> VICE CHAIR Michael Bangs Oracle Corporation

VICE CHAIR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Tony Mirenda Blach Construction Company

VICE CHAIR PUBLIC POLICY & ADVOCACY

Cosme Fagundo

Wilco Management

VICE CHAIR

COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT

Janikke Klem

**Technology Credit Union** 

AT-LARGE

Traci Cornaglia PayPal

Sean Cottle Hoge Fenton

Claudia Folzman Iron Construction

Michael Fox Jr.
Goodwill Silicon Valley

Tim Leets BBSI

Jonathan Noble Microsoft

Michael Turpin Bay Area News Group

Rick Beatty Lehigh Hanson

SVO PAC CHAIR
Anil Babbar
California Apartment Association

LEGAL COUNSEL Eugene Ashley, Esq. Hoge Fenton

TREASURER Emily Ruvalcaba Bridge Bank

IMMEDIATE PAST CHAIR Lennies Gutierrez Comcast

PRESIDENT & CEO

Matthew R. Mahood

The silicon valley organization

**Re: Ellis Act Re-Control Provisions** 

Dear Mayor Liccardo and City Council:

On behalf of The Silicon Valley Organization (The SVO), I am writing to urge the Council to adopt a 1-for-1 replacement policy of rent-controlled units for new residential projects under the Ellis Act. By way of background, The SVO is the Silicon Valley's premier business advocacy organization representing nearly 1,200 companies that employ over 300,000 workers, and we represent our membership as the region's largest Chamber of Commerce.

Any revisions to the Ellis Act re-control rules should preserve the existing supply of rent-controlled housing units, while avoiding unnecessary policies that would make residential projects infeasible for redevelopment opportunities. The city's existing 50% re-control rules on new construction projects makes it extremely difficult for housing developers to obtain adequate financing to increase the city's housing stock. The key to solving the housing crisis is to significantly accelerate housing production at all income levels – we must do everything we can to remove impediments to housing and the Council must not impose a 50% re-control rule that would be counterproductive to the city's housing production goals.

According to a recent staff report on the Housing Crisis Work Plan, an average of 2,800 residential units were built between 2010 and 2017. There simply is not enough housing production to tackle the housing affordability crisis head-on. Furthermore, we are aware that the Housing Department is floating a proposal to exempt the 50% re-control provisions, but only for new residential projects that generate at least 7 times the number of original units on the existing site. Many small sites will be unable to meet this density requirement and this policy proposal essentially supports the status quo by denying redevelopment opportunities. By amending the Ellis Act re-control provisions to strictly a 1-for-1 replacement rule, we can remove obstacles to construction and start encouraging residential development that will address housing affordability in the region.

In closing, we strongly urge the Council to exempt new residential construction from the Ellis Act 50% re-control provisions. If you have any questions about The SVO's position on this issue, please contact Eddie Truong, Director of Government and Community Relations, at

Sincerely,

Matthew R. Mahood President & CEO



April 5, 2019

Mayor Sam Liccardo San Jose City Council Via email submittal

## RE: San Jose CC Meeting 4.9.19 Ellis Act Recontrol Provisions

Dear Mayor Liccardo and San Jose City Council,

BIA Bay Area urges the City Council to eliminate the 50% re-control provisions under the Ellis Act and adopt a 1-for-1 replacement policy of rent-controlled units for new residential projects. Any revisions to the Ellis Act re-control rules must eschew counterproductive policies from current housing law that make residential redevelopment opportunities infeasible.

The city's existing 50% re-control rules on new construction projects effectively kills the potential of any redevelopment project on older rent controlled properties. The City should be working to achieve housing goals by removing impediments to new development. The Ellis Act 50% re-control rule is yet another obstacle to achieving the city's housing production goals vital to improving housing availability at all income levels.

According to a recent staff report on the Housing Crisis Work Plan, an average of 2,800 residential units were built between 2010 and 2017. There simply is not enough housing production to tackle the housing affordability crisis head-on. By amending the Ellis Act re-control provisions to strictly a 1-for-1 replacement rule, we can remove obstacles to construction and start encouraging residential development that will address housing affordability in the region.

California's high housing cost and lack of housing supply compromise the ability to access opportunity (jobs, health, stability) for families and individuals, including working families. Homeownership rates are the lowest since the 1940s and the State has not met its projected need for housing in the last 15 years. Housing supply needs are of vital importance and the highest priority.

In conclusion, BIA Bay Area strongly urges the Council to eliminate the Ellis Act 50% re-control provisions on new residential construction. BIA remains ready to work with the City to assist in any way we are able. Please feel free to contact me at dmartin@biabayarea.org.

Yours truly,

Dennis Martin BIA BAY AREA



Honorable Mayor Sam Liccardo and City Council City of San Jose 200 East Santa Clara Street San Jose, CA 95113

**Re: Ellis Act RE-Control Provisions** 

Dear Mayor Liccardo and City Council:

On behalf of the Santa Clara County Association of REALTORS® (SCCAOR), and the 6,500 Real Estate Professionals we represent, I am writing to you to express support for revising the existing Ellis Act ordinance to reduce the re-control requirement to a 1-to-1 ratio.

SCCAOR is committed to the defense of private property rights and to taking action on policy issues that support the expansion of our housing supply at all levels. A reduction in the re-control requirement of the Ellis Act is a step in the right direction – and indicates a commitment to expedient action as is necessary when addressing a crisis.

As is evident by the stagnation of applications for redevelopment projects being done under the Ellis Act, it is clear that the Ellis Act is not supporting the Mayor's vision to build 25,000 units of housing. According to the Housing Department's memorandum dated February 28, 2019 and submitted to HCDC on March 3, 2019, "to date, two properties have issued a notice to withdraw" under the Ellis Act. This is clear indication that investment confidence in these type of redevelopment projects is low under the statusquo of the Ellis Act.

Lowering the re-control provision to 1-to-1 is a necessary step to reduce the reluctance of investors. Redevelopment of properties under the Ellis Act have so many net-benefits to our community that are being prevented under the existing ordinance: Dramatically increased supply (two projects have set to build 529 units, imagine how many more that could be), safety (new units will be up to code), higher quality units, and stronger communities.

It is our hope that you will act with a crisis mindset in the best interest of affordability and housing supply and amend the Ellis Act re-control provision to be 1-to-1.

Thank you for your service to our community and for considering SCCAOR's position on this issue.

Regards,

Gustavo Gonzalez, President Santa Clara County Association of REALTORS®