





Balanced & Accessible City

Transportation Analysis Policy Revision in San José

Shift to Vehicle Miles Traveled

February 27, 2018 City Council Item 10.2



State Direction – Senate Bill 743 (Steinberg)

- Promotes infill development near transit
- Focuses on regional level impacts environmental, public health & access
 - Removes auto delay (measured by Level of Service) in transportation analysis under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
- Recommends Vehicle Miles Traveled in transportation analysis under CEQA

City of San José Goals and Policies





GENERAL PLAN

Environmental Leadership

- Air pollutant emission reduction
- Greenhouse gas reduction

Balanced Transportation

Networks

Vision Zero – Improving safety Complete Streets – Streetscapes for people Transportation management

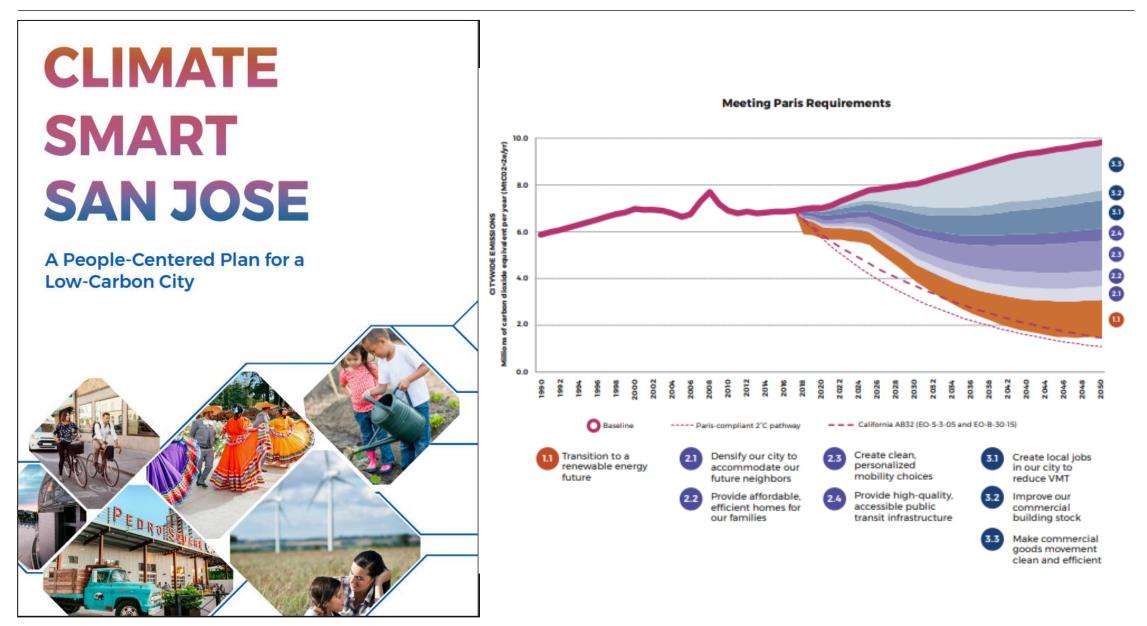
Interconnected City

- Integrated land use patterns
- Connections

Focused Growth

- Downtown, Urban Villages & Employment Priority Areas
- Not in most of the City

City of San José Goals and Policies



Proposed Actions

- L. General Plan text amendments
- 2. New Transportation Analysis Policy (Council Policy 5-1) & Transition from Existing Transportation Impact Policy (Council Policy 5-3)
- 3. Adopt Infill Opportunity Zones
- Discuss second phase of work to further align goals, policies, & programs

Fall 2017 Study Sessions

- New Transportation Analysis Policy: Why, what, & how
- Planning Commission: August 23, 2017

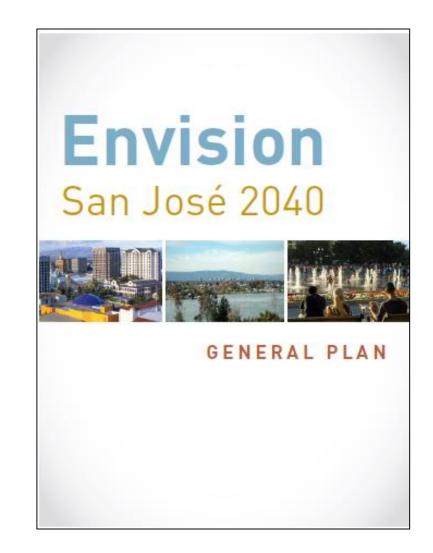
(http://www.sanjoseca.gov/DocumentCenter/View/71305)

• City Council: October 6, 2017

(http://sanjose.granicus.com/GeneratedAgendaViewer.php?event_id=2b6011 8e-ab27-434f-9534-fefb29afb093)

Proposed General Plan Text Amendments

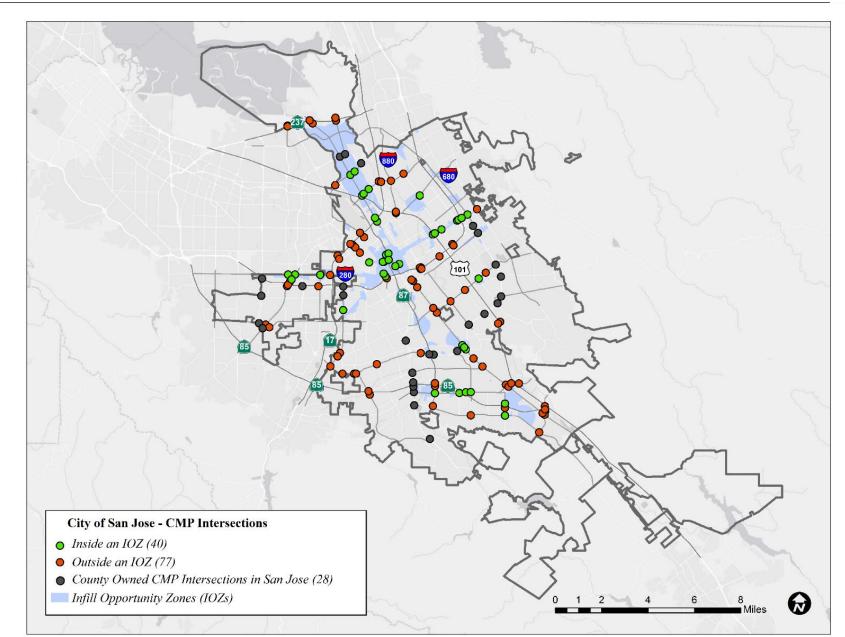
- Add new section to "History of Planning in San José" (Chapter 1)
- 2. Remove reference to Council Policy 5-3 (Chapter 6)
- 3. Summarize new Council Policy 5-1 (Chapters 6 & 7)



Infill Opportunity Zones (IOZs)

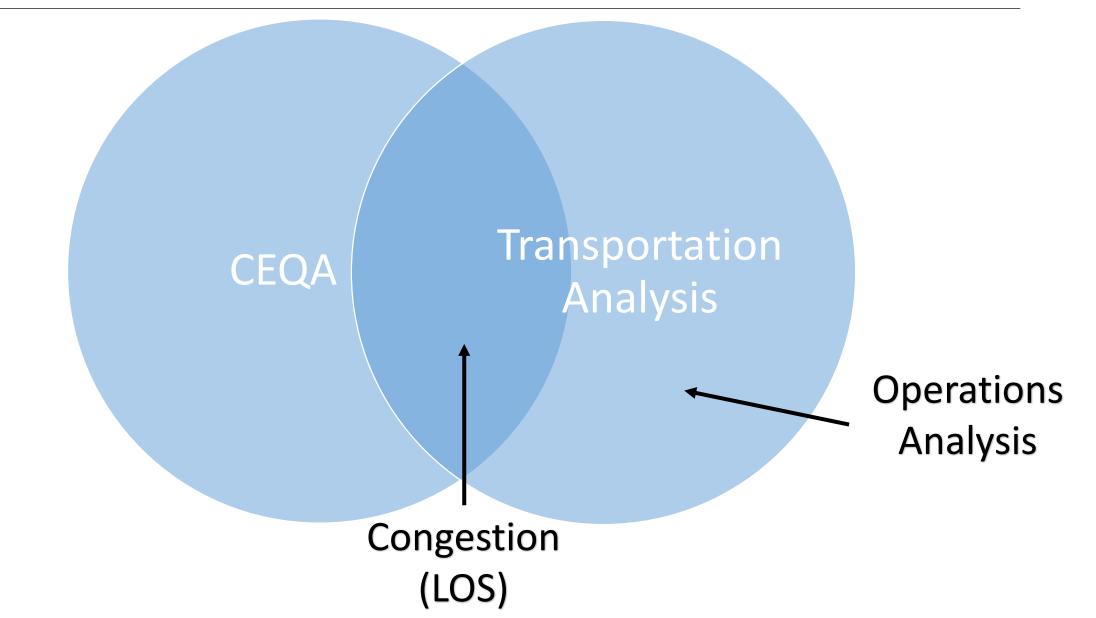
- Reconcile SB 743

 and Congestion
 Management
 Program (CMP)
- IOZs must be within ½-mile of High-Quality Transit and in Transit Priority Areas

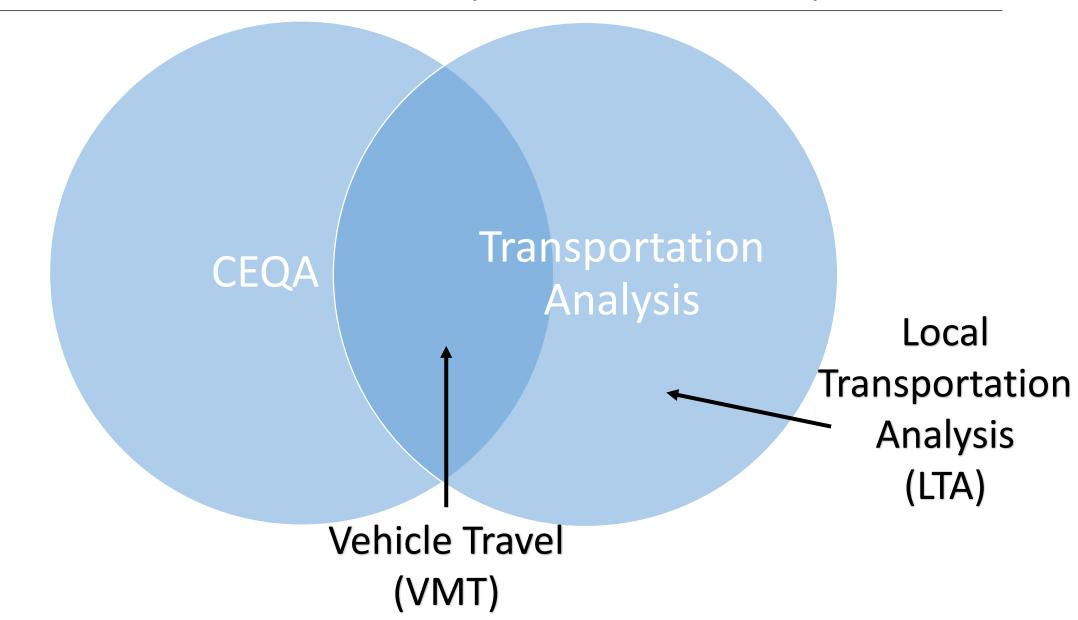


Transportation Analysis Policy

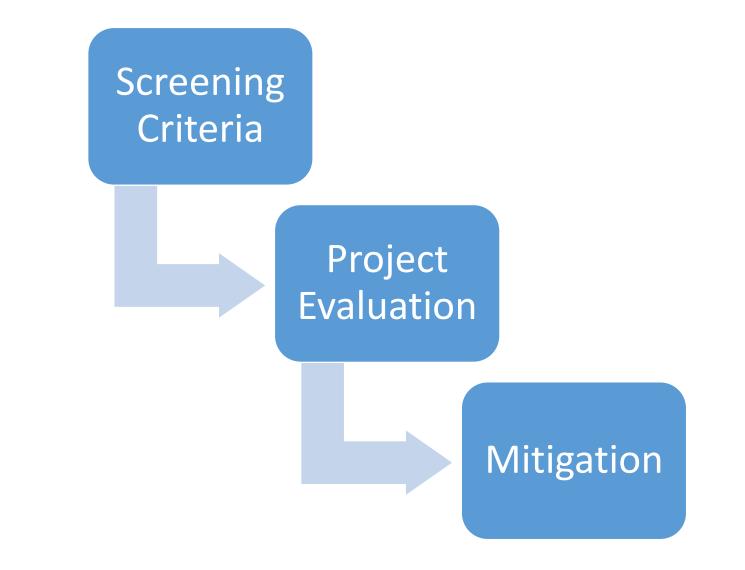
Today: CEQA & Transportation Analysis



Proposed: CEQA & Transportation Analysis



CEQA Transportation Process



Projects Not Required to Evaluate VMT

- 1. Small Infill Projects
- 2. Local-Serving Retail
- 3. Low VMT Areas + Planned Growth Areas + High Quality Transit + Transit-Supportive
- 4. Affordable Housing + Planned Growth Areas + High Quality Transit + Transit-Supportive
- 5. Transportation Projects that reduce or don't impact VMT
- 6. Local-Serving Public Facilities (e.g. library, park, fire station, etc.)

Evaluating & Mitigating VMT

- 1. Thresholds of Significance
 - Thresholds Vary by Use Type (See table in proposed City Council Policy 5-1)
 - Residential & Employment: 15% below baseline per capita VMT
 - Industrial: Baseline per capita VMT
- 2. Ways to Mitigate VMT (if needed)
 - Adjust Project (Type, Mix, Density, Affordability)
 - Infrastructure that improves low-VMT options
 - Parking (Supply, Pricing, Type)
 - Transportation Demand Management (TDM)

Projects That Can't Fully Mitigate VMT

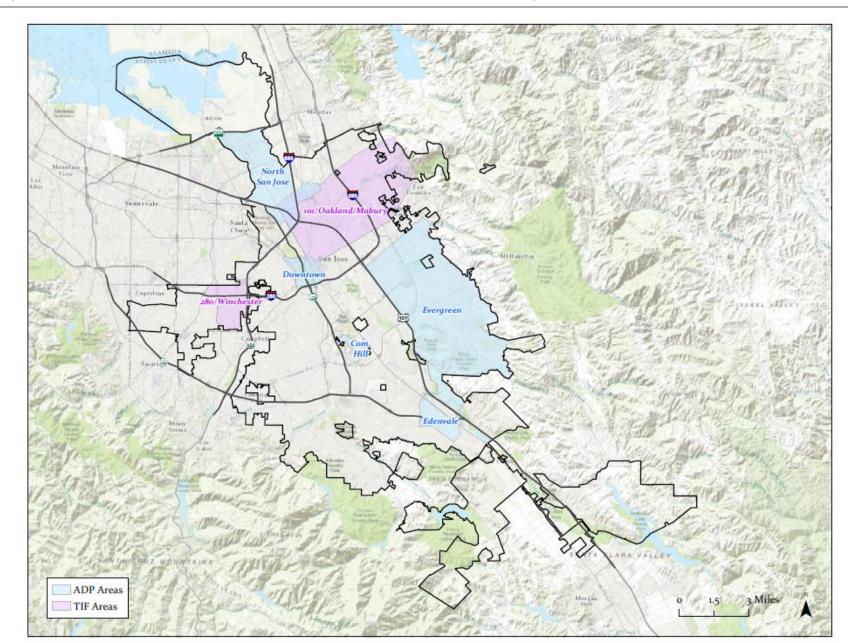
- Does not change land use allowed per General Plan
- All projects must reduce and mitigate VMT to the full extent possible
- Market rate development must provide overriding benefits & transportation system investment
 - Multifamily Residential in Urban Villages
 - Commercial/Industrial
- 100% affordable housing projects (low, very low, or extremely low income)

Local Transportation Analysis

- Builds on Existing Practices & Policies
- Scoped to the Specifics of the Project
- Typically Includes:
 - Site Design & Access
 - Safety & Neighborhood Transportation
 - Walking, Bicycling & Transit
 - Operations (Existing Practices + Scaled-back LOS)



Transportation & Area Development Policies



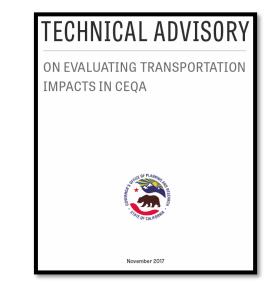
Transportation Investment Mechanisms

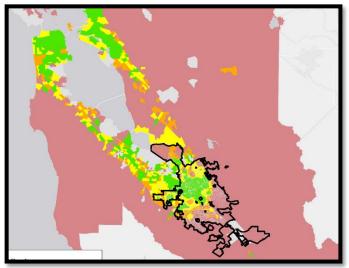
- CEQA:
 - VMT-reducing Mitigation
 - Transportation System Investment
- Local Transportation Analysis

 Mitigation Fee Act: Area & Transportation Development Policies (Nexus Study-based)

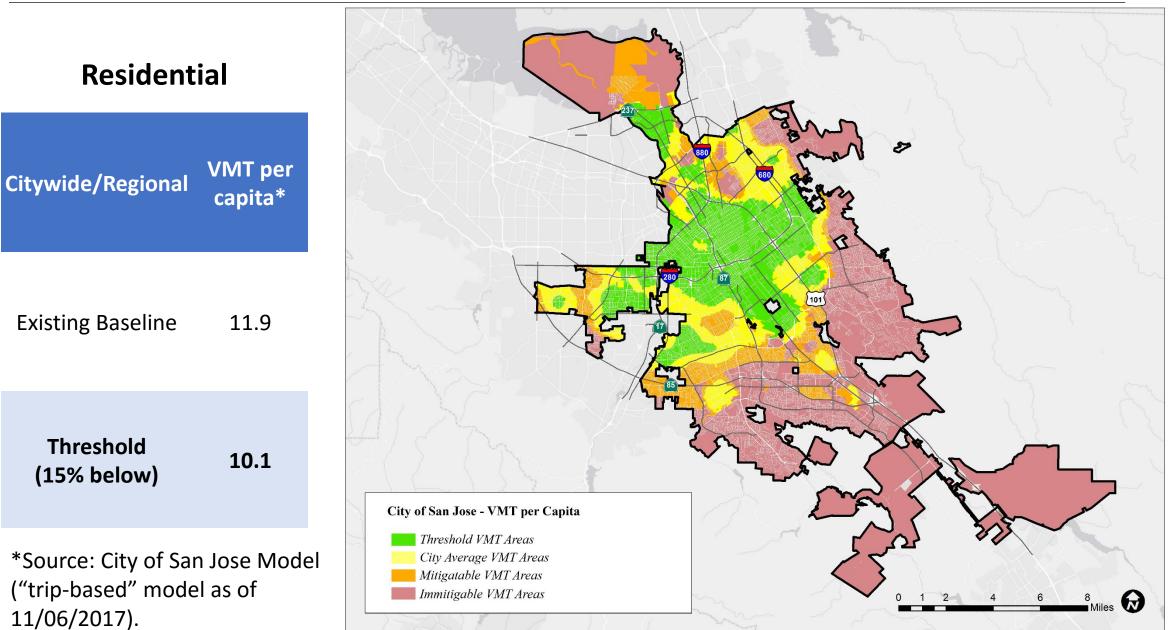
Progress & Changes Since Study Sessions

- New:
 - State Guidelines Released
 - Updated Travel Demand Model
 - VMT Evaluation Tool
 - Countywide SB 743 Process (VTA)
 - Transportation Analysis Handbook & Implementation Trainings
- Refinements to Policy:
 - Timing of changes & "pipeline" provisions
 - Clarification of overriding benefits
 - Addition of "local-serving public facilities" screening criteria

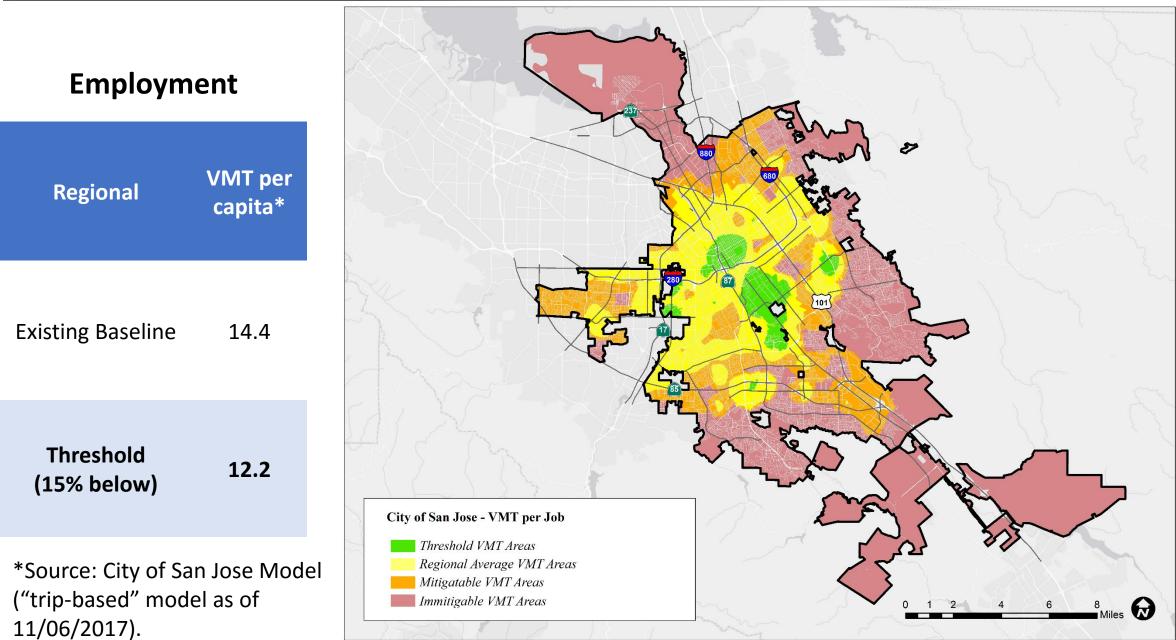




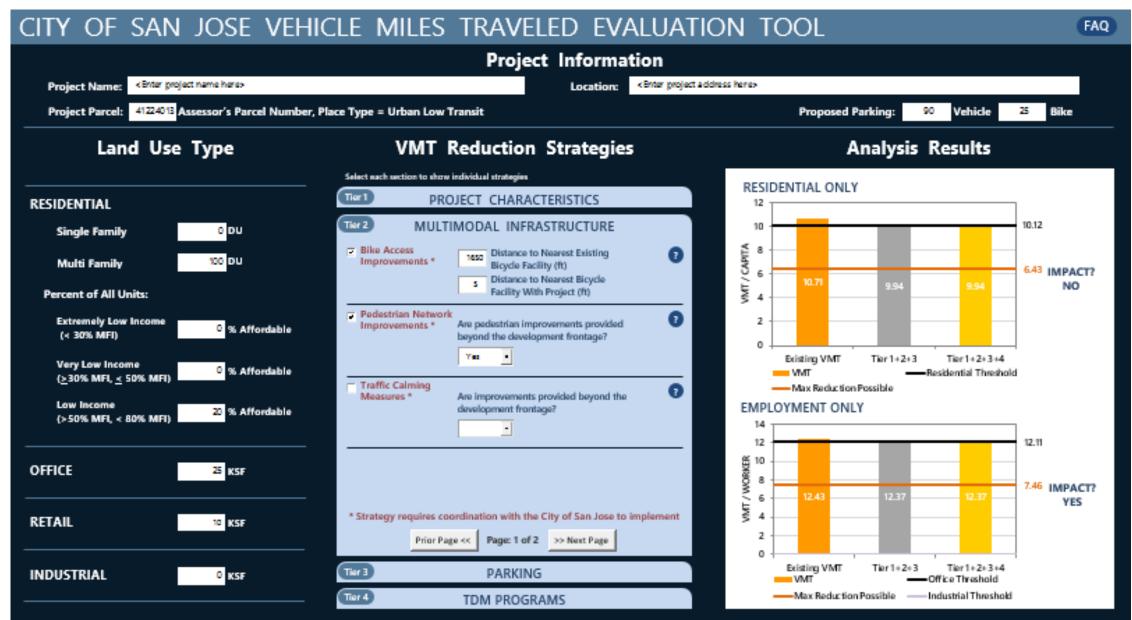
Updated Model: VMT per Capita (Residential)



Updated Model: VMT per Worker (Employment)



VMT Evaluation Tool



Timing of Policy Changes

- Effective 30 days after City Council
- NEW or significantly amended projects and plans
- State-proposed deadline: 1/1/2020

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDA
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Further Aligning Goals, Policies, and Programs

Phase I

- Begin by changing our measure of "environmental impact" under CEQA, per SB 743
- Streamline transportation analysis for projects that align with General Plan

Phase II

- Refine Policy 5-1 as needed
- Update other transportation practices/policies
 - Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Ordinance
 - Parking Code
 - County- or Citywide
 VMT-based Fee

Outreach & Engagement

City Committees

- Bicycle Pedestrian Advisory Committee
- CED CSA Meetings
- City Development Cabinet
- Neighborhoods Commission
- Planning Commission
- Transportation & Environment Committee

Development Community

- Developer Roundtables & Industry Groups
- Developer Workshops
- Environmental & Transportation Consultants Workshops
- SPUR/ULI Developer Forum



Neighborhood Groups

- Delmas Park Neighborhood Association
- Erikson/VEP/Branham Community Meeting
- Penitencia Neighborhood Association and Senter-Monterey Neighborhood Association leaders
- River Oaks Neighborhood Association
- Two Citywide Community Meetings
- Winchester Neighborhood Action Coalition

Two Community-wide Public Meetings & Website: <u>www.sanjoseca.gov/vmt</u>

Outreach & Engagement

Community Stakeholders

- AARP
- Friends of Caltrain
- Greenbelt Alliance
- Health Trust/Agents for Change
- San Jose Downtown Association
- Silicon Valley Bicycle Coalition
- Silicon Valley Independent Living Center
- Silicon Valley Leadership Group
- Silicon Valley Organization
- SPUR
- TransForm
- Working Partnerships

Other Jurisdictions

- CA Big Cities VMT Working Group
- City of Campbell
- City of Cupertino
- City of Mountain View
- City of Santa Clara
- Grand Boulevard Initiative
- Santa Clara County Roads and Airports, Sustainability and Public Health Departments
- State Office of Planning and Research
- VTA Staff & Committees

Memorandum from Councilmembers Jimenez & Rocha

- Transportation System Investment applies to Commercial/Industrial
- Threshold for Industrial Employment Uses
- Phase II
 - Overriding Benefits Assess outside of this Policy; Priority-setting
 - Evaluate City hiring CEQA/Transportation Consultants Already under consideration
 - Analyze consistency between Override Eligibility (Residential, Employment) Evaluate as part of 5-1 refinements

Threshold for Industrial Employment Uses

- **Staff recommendation:** Threshold should be the existing regional average VMT per employee, not 15% below
- Rationale:
 - Industrial is low-density
 - 1. Hard to serve via transit or on foot
 - 2. Higher density land uses should occupy limited land near transit and in low-VMT areas for greatest GHG benefit
 - Industrial jobs bring diverse benefits goods and services, good jobs; don't want to make it impossible to build or expand locally
- Industrial employment uses are defined in the zoning code

Community & Stakeholder Considerations

- Relationship to Affordability and Displacement
 - Policy 5-1 Provisions
 - Addressing potential unintended consequences
 - City Policies to support affordability and address displacement
 - Increase housing supply, especially in TOD and low-VMT areas

• Studying VMT and Local Transportation Analysis

Proposed Actions

- 1. General Plan text amendments
- New Transportation Analysis Policy (Council Policy 5-1) & Transition from Existing Transportation Impact Policy (Council Policy 5-3); Clarifying terminology:
 - 1. "Signalized Intersection Level of Service" to "Intersection Operations" (p. 5)
 - 2. "Commercial" to "Commercial/Industrial" (Table 2, p. 14)
- 3. Adopt Infill Opportunity Zones
- Discuss second phase of work to further align goals, policies, & programs



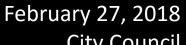




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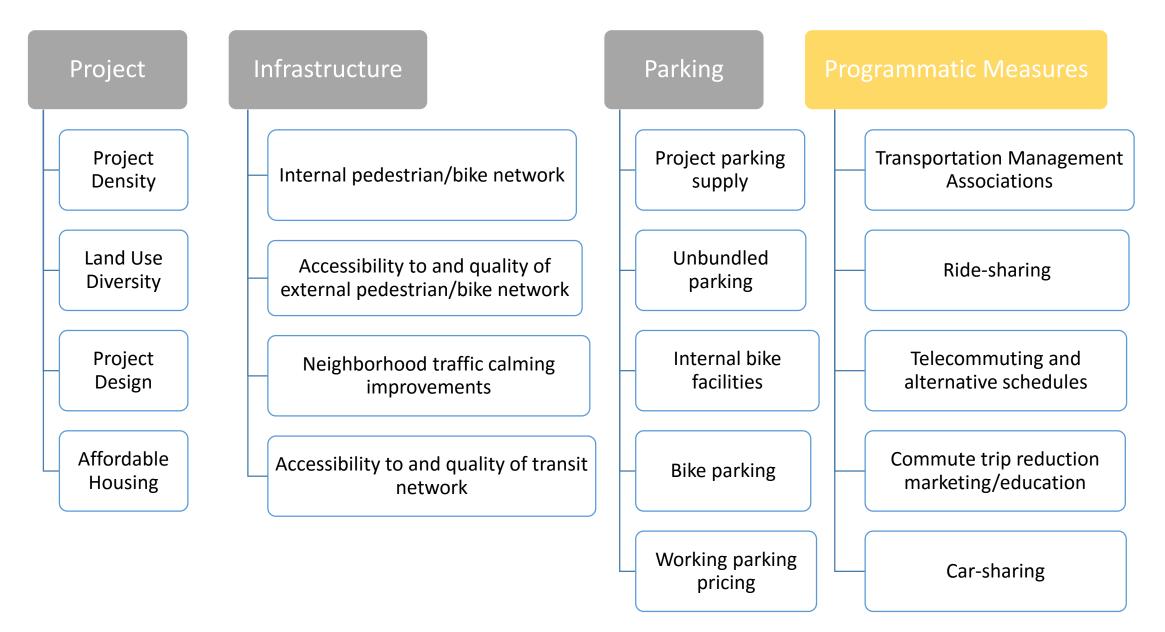
City Council

Backup Information

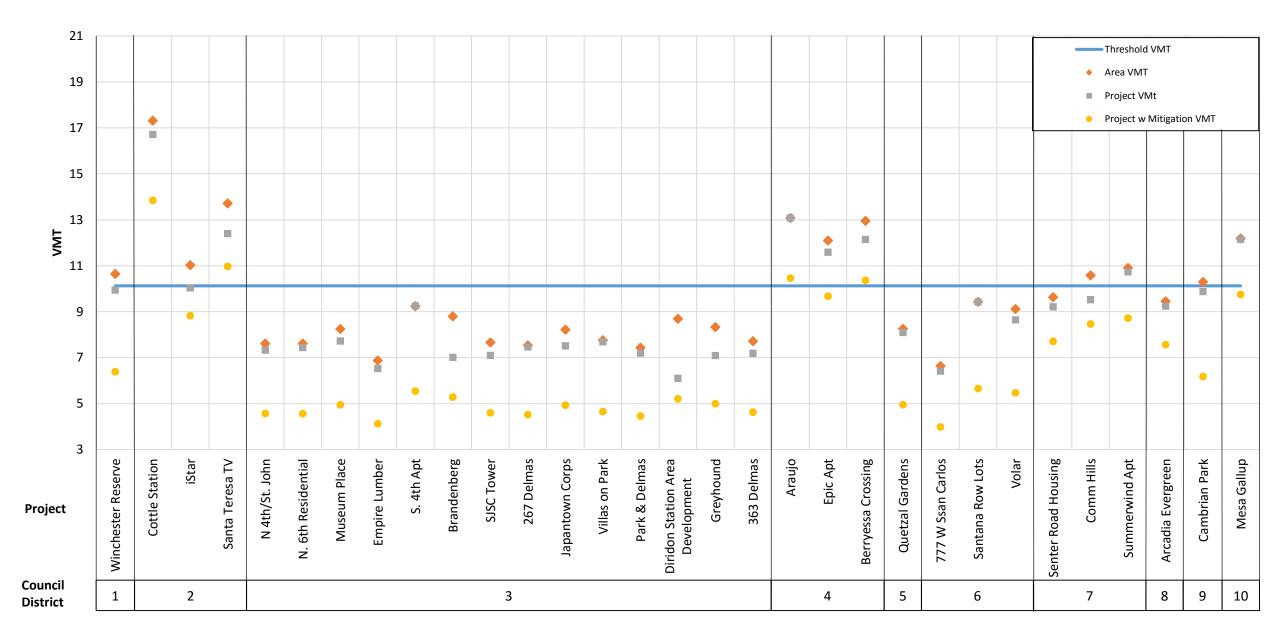
Schedule

2016 - 17	Best Practices, Peer Research, Initial Stakeholder Meetings, & Interdepartmental Working Groups		
Summer/Fall 2017	Community, Stakeholder & Policy-Maker Engagement & Input		
Winter 2017/18	Phase I Adoption Planning Commission: 2/7 & City Council: 2/27		
Through 2019	San Jose: Phase II Statewide: LOS to VMT per CEQA by 1/1/2020		

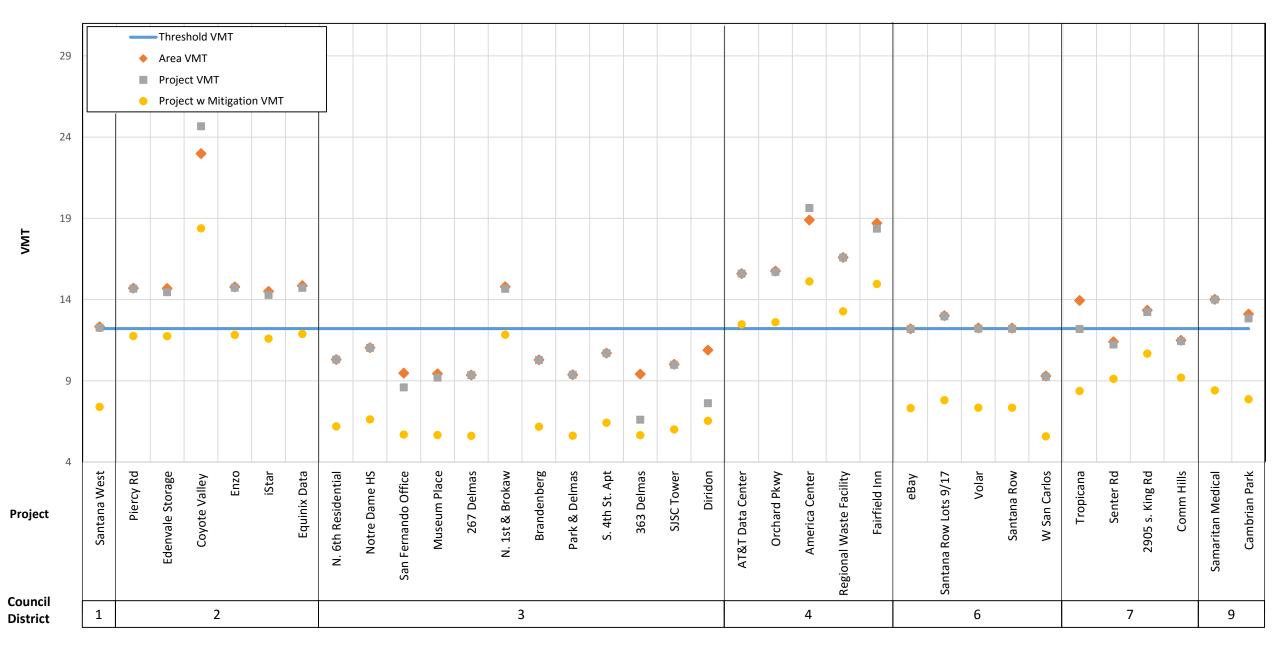
Potential Ways to Reduce VMT



Approved Residential Projects



Approved Employment Projects



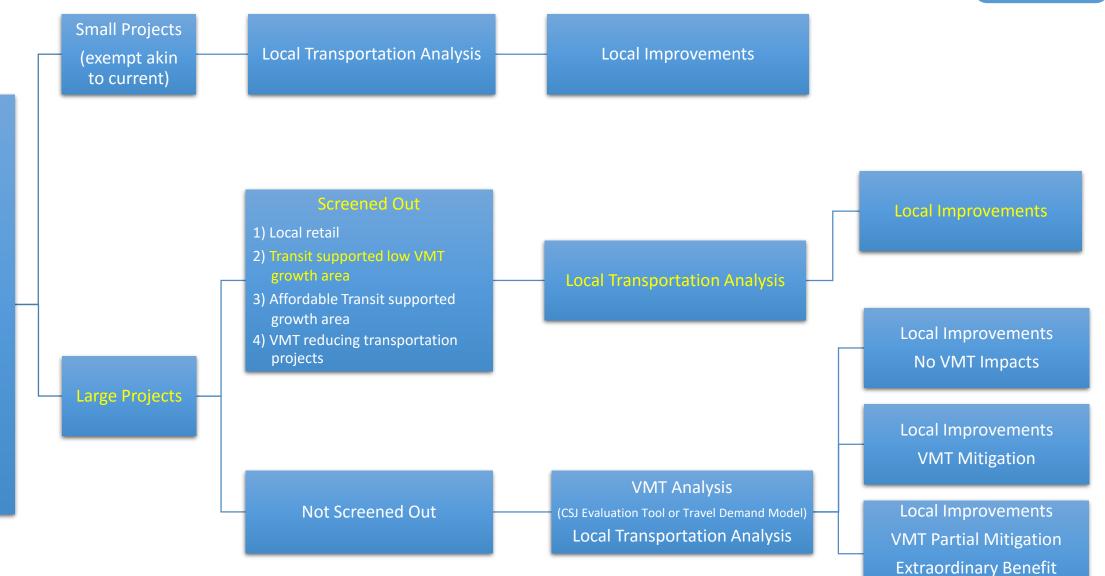
Greyhound Tower Downtown Residential

- 781 Condominiums
- 20,000 SF of Retail
- 1 Parking Space per Unit



Greyhound Tower Downtown Residential

Transportation Analysis Scoping



Offsetting Fee

Greyhound TOD Residential Only – Exempt from VMT Ana

CITY OF SAN JOSE VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED EVALUATION TOOL FAQ **Project Information** Greyhound Residential Project Location: 70 South Almaden Avenue, San Jose Project Parcel: 25940012 Assessor's Parcel Number, Place Type = Urban High Transit Proposed Parking: 736 Vehicle 203 Bike **Analysis Results** Land Use Type VMT Reduction Strategies Select each section to show individual strategies RESIDENTIAL ONLY Tier 1 PROJECT CHARACTERISTICS 12 Increase Residential 2 - Existing Density (DU/Residential 2 10.12 0 DU 10 Density Acres in TAZ) CAPITA 783 - With Project Density 781 DU (DU/Residential Acres in TAZ) IMPACT? NO Increase 5 /MT 278.2 - Existing Density 2 Employment (Jobs/Commercial Acres in TAZ) Density 5.83 281.6 - With Project Density Extremely Low Income 2 ⁰ % Affordable (Jobs/Commercial Acres in TAZ) 0 Increase 2 Existing VMT Tier 1+2+3 Tier 1+2+3+4 0.89 - Existing Activity Mix Index Development 0 % Affordable VMT Residential Threshold Diversity (≥30% MFI, < 50% MFI) —Max Reduction Possible 0.90 - With Project Activity Mix Index 0 % Affordable (>50% MFI, < 80% MFI) Integrate 8 Affordable and 0% Extremely Low Income BMR units 0% Very Low Income BMR units 0 KSF 0% Low Income BMR units

20 KSF

0 KSF

Project Name:

RESIDENTIAL

Single Family

Multi Family

(< 30% MFI)

Low Income

OFFICE

RETAIL

Very Low Income

Percent of All Units:



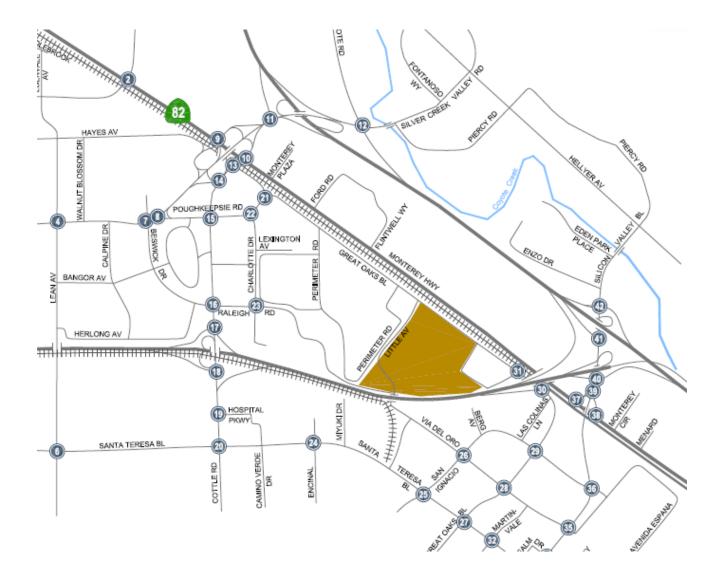
Example #1

iStar

Less-than-significant VMT impact with Mitigation

Example #4

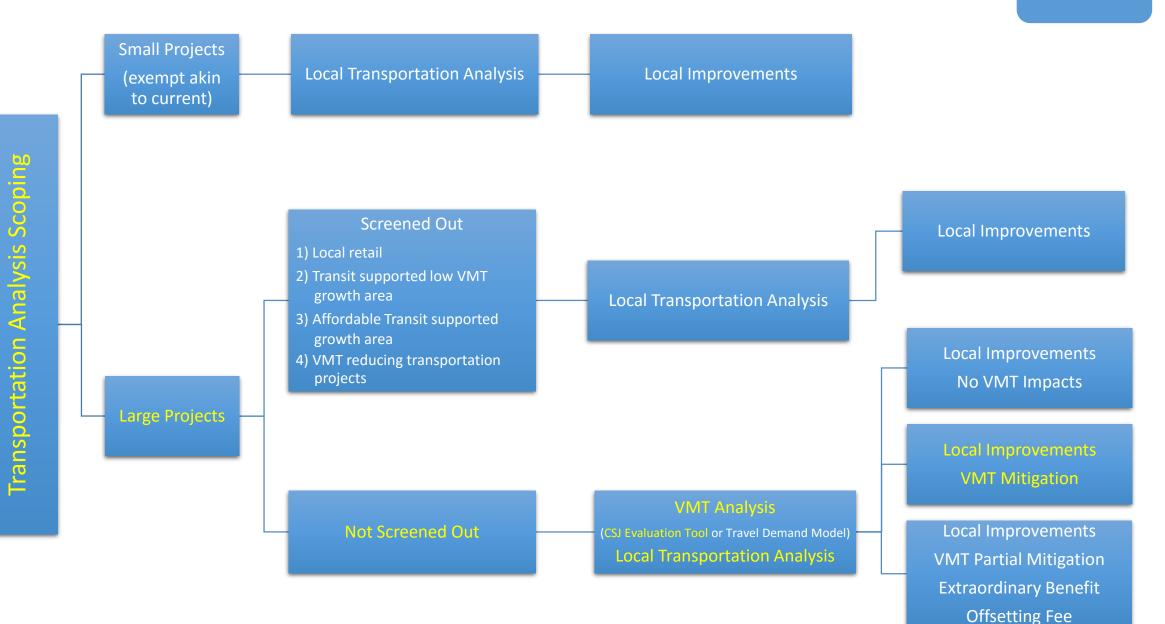
	Land Use	Project
Residential	Housing	720 du
Employment	Retail	154k sf
,	Office	260k sf



iStar

Less-than-significant VMT impact with Mitigation

Examples



iStar

Less-than-significant VMT impact with Mitigation

Example #3

