## **Attachment A: Current Climate Smart Initiatives**

*Updated as of 2/28/22* 

Ref.	Project Title	Project Description	Lead
No.			Department
1	Parking and	This policy will remove parking minimum requirements citywide and	Planning,
	Transportation	implement transportation demand management requirements to expand	Building, and
	Demand	transportation options in and near new development. This effort, which	Code
	Management	seeks to reduce the amount of Vehicle Miles Travelled in the City (and	Enforcement
	(TDM) Policy	their resulting contribution to greenhouse gas emissions) has been	(PBCE)
		ongoing since mid-2019. The proposal is to update Title 20 (the Zoning	
		Ordinance) to move away from mandatory minimum parking	
		requirements based on the project size and use and instead move	
		towards a more flexible approach that will allow developments to	
		evaluate their specific parking needs while the site is being planned for	
		development. In conjunction, the ordinance will expand TDM project	
		requirements to encourage new and existing residents to shift trips from	
		single-occupancy vehicles to alternatives such as transit, biking and	
		walking. These TDM requirements can be fulfilled with infrastructure	
		(such as building or expanding bicycle and pedestrian facilities) or	
		programs such as providing transit passes or bike share memberships to	
		tenants. Specific effort has been made to ensure that these TDM	
		measures are as equitable as possible. Staff expects to bring this policy	
		and ordinance update to City Council by Summer 2022.	
2	Building Reach	The City intends to update its reach code for new construction to reflect	PBCE
	Code Update	2022 Building Code updates and to evaluate additional reach code	
	-	updates in collaboration with regional partners (Silicon Valley Clean	
		Energy, Peninsula Clean Energy, and East Bay Clean Energy).	
3	General Plan	The General Plan Four-Year Review was completed in January 2022.	PBCE
	Updates	It included the City's adoption of California Senate Bill 9 (SB9) which	
	•	would allow up to 4 housing units on existing single-family properties	
		without discretionary review.	

4	Urban Village Plans	Urban village plans were approved for the Berryessa BART Urban Village in June 2021 and the North 1 <sup>st</sup> Street Local Transit Village in March 2021. The Berryessa BART Urban Village plan was adopted in June 2021 to allow an additional 5,100 high density housing units. The N 1 <sup>st</sup> Street urban village plan, currently in development, will permit up to 1,678 additional housing units. Staff is working on the Five Wounds Station Area Plan, which will update and consolidate existing urban village plans for Roosevelt Park, Little Portugal, Five Wounds, and 24 <sup>th</sup> Street and William, with work on this effort expected to be completed by summer 2023.	PBCE
5	Move San José	The Move San José will lay out a set of strategies to bring the bold transportation goals of Envision 2040 San José General Plan and Climate Smart San José to life. The Plan is developing projects and policies that make progress on goals like increased walking, biking, and transit use, decreased auto dependence, increased safety, and making our streets designed around people, not cars. A draft is currently posted online for public comment.  The City is also advancing targeted plans to improve mobility throughout San José, including through Urban Village and associated Transportation Improvement Plans; pedestrian safety plans like Walk Safe San José; and complete street and safety redesign efforts (e.g., Vision Zero and transit priority corridors like King and Monterey Roads).	Department of Transportation (DOT)
6	Delivering Zero Emissions Communities (DZEC) Initiatives	The work under the DZEC grant, awarded in June 2021, includes the analysis of commercial freight GHG emissions data, working with an Equity Task Force to prioritize actions to reduce freight emissions, and hosting an Urban Freight Working Group to encourage GHG emissions reduction commitment(s) from commercial freight companies.	DOT
7	Emerging Mobility Action Plan	A plan that centers on racial equity and seeks to identify the most effective ways to leverage new mobility services and technologies to ensure they serve everyone in San José, especially marginalized communities and communities of color.	DOT

8	Transit First	A policy to prioritize speeding transit on city streets and in land use	DOT
	Policy	plans.	
9	Better Bike Plan 2025	The Better Bike Plan 2025, adopted in October 2020, calls for 250 miles of existing bike lanes upgraded to protected lanes, 100 miles of new protected bike lanes, and 100 miles of new bike boulevards. There are currently 408 miles of on-street bike infrastructure in the city, with the majority of the City's bikeways being painted lanes that run alongside travel lanes. This targeted approach helps the City progress towards its mode shift goal of 15 percent of trips made by bike in 2040.	DOT
10	Ride-Hailing Electrification	Uber and Lyft are taking steps to encourage their drivers to shift to EVs. Staff continue to look for ways the City can indirectly support these efforts.	DOT
11	One-Way Vehicle Sharing	Due to staffing constraints, DOT has not yet adopted administrative regulations for the one-way vehicle sharing program. In addition, several one-way vehicle sharing companies indicated they were unlikely to expand to new markets until COVID subsided and ridership levels increased to pre-COVID levels. With conditions improving, staff intend to make adoption of regulations a priority in the next quarter.	DOT
12	Statewide Switch is On Marketing Campaign	In collaboration with other local and regional government agencies, electricity providers, and the Building Decarbonization Coalition (BDC), the City of San José is participating in another iteration of the statewide <i>The Switch Is On</i> campaign, designed to educate consumers about the benefits of using electric appliances in their homes and encourage the adoption of home electrification technologies. The campaign provides participating partners with access to <i>The Switch Is On</i> website and a suite of creative assets for marketing purposes. City staff began marketing the campaign in December 2021, with a big push in spring 2022 to coincide with the launch of SJCE's energy efficiency programs.	Community Energy Department (CED)
13	Energy Efficiency Programs	San José Clean Energy (SJCE) secured \$5.1 million from the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) to offer two energy efficiency programs over three years, beginning Spring 2022. The first program offers discounts on energy efficient electric appliances, including refrigerators, clothes washer, dryers, and dishwashers, to moderate-	CED

		income single-family households as well as single-family households	
		located in disadvantaged communities. The second program will	
		incentivize energy-efficient upgrades to heating, ventilation, and air	
		conditioning (HVAC), refrigeration, and hot water distribution systems	
		for small commercial buildings, including schools. SJCE aims to serve	
		250 residential customers, 100 businesses, and three schools annually.	
		The City allocated \$500,000 in federal relief funds to expand access to	
		the residential program over the next two years.	
14	Solar Access	Solar Access is an SJCE program that offers low-income customers	CED
	(Disadvantaged	living in disadvantaged communities a 20 percent bill discount and 100	
	Communities-	percent solar energy from a solar facility in Northern California.	
	Green Tariff	Customers can receive the discount as long as they meet the eligibility	
	Program)	requirements. The program's aim is to allow low-income residents who	
		do not own their home and thus do not qualify for the DAC-Single-	
		family Affordable Solar Homes program to gain access to 100% solar	
		energy without needing to install any equipment. The program is	
		entirely funded by the CPUC. Solar Access has enrolled over 600 San	
		José residents and is expected to run for 20 years. Program capacity of	
		approximately 800 customers has not yet been met, so recruitment of	
		customers is still ongoing.	
15	Integrated	In late-2022, SJCE will submit an Integrated Resource Plan to the	CED
	Resource Plan	California Public Utilities Commission. It is a long-term utility plan to	
		ensure SJCE procures energy resources to meet load needs and achieve	
		the City's climate goals.	
16	California	On December 16, 2020, SJCE launched CALeVIP as part of a joint	CED
	Electric Vehicle	project with Peninsula Clean Energy, Silicon Valley Clean Energy, City	
	Infrastructure	of Palo Alto Utilities, and Silicon Valley Power. CALeVIP is a	
	Project	California Energy Commission (CEC) co-funded rebate program for	
	(CALeVIP)	Level 2 and Direct Current Fast Charging infrastructure. The CEC has	
		contributed \$10 million while SJCE contributed \$4 million to the total	
		pool of \$14 million rebate funds for the City of San José. The program	
		is being administered by the Center for Sustainable Energy	
		(CSE). Rebates can go to projects located at workplaces, multi-unit	

		dwellings, public agencies, shopping centers, and other locations for public charging. Funds were reserved within a matter of hours.  Approximately 46 percent of funding was reserved for installations in low-income communities and disadvantaged communities and there were additional incentives for installations in those areas. CSE is currently reviewing applications and some projects have begun receiving incentives.	
17	Existing Building Electrification Plan	The Existing Building Electrification Plan provides look at how to equitably electrify existing buildings in San José It does not include any mandates but contains a series of recommendations including policy and program options centered around four key areas: workforce development and job opportunities, housing and energy costs, energy reliability, and health and air quality.	Environmental Service Department (ESD)
18	Zero Emissions Neighborhood (ZEN) Pilot	Climate Smart has been developing the ZEN program concept with the support of the Climate Challenge. The ZEN is intended to bring a suite of Climate Smart building, mobility, and water improvements to households in a pilot neighborhood. The neighborhood will be selected based on equity data indicators, input from local community-based organizations, and interest from residents. The ZEN pilot design will be co-created with the participating households and is expected to be completed in mid-2022.	ESD
19	GoGreen Teams	Pilot to facilitate resident leaders in forming and engaging a team of friends or neighbors through a series of meetings leading to climate and resiliency actions, with progress tracking on the City's Climate Smart Challenge platform.	ESD
20	Climate Smart Challenge	Staff continue to promote the City's Climate Smart Challenge platform which currently has 775 users. Participants have completed more than 1,000 climate actions that have resulted in \$45,000 saved, 127 tons of CO <sub>2</sub> reduction and 169,000 gallons of water saved.	ESD
21	Climate Smart Champion Awards	Staff opened up the 3 <sup>rd</sup> annual Climate Smart Champion Awards for nominations on February 9. The awards will recognize individuals and/or organizations for outstanding efforts in 2021 that align with Climate Smart goals. Nominations are set to close in March and awardees will be recognized at an event in April 2022.	ESD

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22	New Climate	In July 2019, the City executed a MOU, including a cost sharing	ESD
	Smart Natural	agreement, with the Santa Clara Valley Open Space Authority (OSA) to	
	and Working	evaluate how NWLs could contribute to meeting Climate Smart GHG	
	<u>Lands (NWL)</u>	emissions reduction goals. Staff awarded the consulting services to	
	<u>Element</u>	Cascadia Partners, LLC in January 2020. Cascadia developed a	
		spatially derived tool (i.e. modeling platform) and methodologies to	
		analyze the GHG contributions of NWLs in coordination with the NWL	
		interdepartmental Project Management Team, consisting of key OSA,	
		City, and Cascadia team members, and the Technical Advisory	
		Committee, consisting of 30 NWL technical experts from local and	
		statewide agencies. The results of these analyses were presented in a	
		draft NWL Technical Report in March 2021. The first draft of the NWL	
		Element, which lays out the new Climate Smart NWL indictors,	
		metrics, and progress milestones, was shared with the public in January	
		2022. The team will complete the cost and equity components of the	
		element by April 30, 2022.	
23	New Climate	The ZWE is intended to account for the City's net greenhouse gas	ESD
	Smart Zero	emissions resulting from the solid waste sector. It will assess and	
	Waste Element	reevaluate the prioritization of the City's zero waste strategies and	
	(ZWE)	address related critical issues regarding recycling markets, changing	
		waste regulations, domestic reuse potential, local infrastructure related	
		to waste, and landfill capacity.	
24	Advanced	AMI will allow residents and commercial businesses to view water	ESD
	Metering	usage data in nearly real-time, increasing potable water usage	
	Infrastructure	awareness and leak detection efficiency. San Jose Municipal Water will	
	(AMI)	complete a pilot of three technologies in Q1 2022 and develop a full	
	Deployment	implementation plan to deploy AMI to more than 26,000 service	
		connections. San Jose Water Company, which services approximately	
		80 percent of the city, will conduct a phased AMI deployment during	
		the next few years.	
25	Integrated	Increasing recycled water use is a goal within Climate Smart San Jose.	ESD
	Water	The objective of the IWIP is to integrate existing water infrastructure to	
		create a cohesive distribution system conveying stormwater, non-	

26	Infrastructure Program (IWIP) Water Efficient	potable groundwater, and recycled water to maximize underutilized assets and increase the non-potable water supply. South Bay Water Recycling and San Jose Municipal Water will complete an expanded pilot project in 2022 to assess the efficacy of bioretention ponds to expand recycled water applications by improving recycled water quality and to diversify San Jose's water resources portfolio.  The objective of the WELO update will be to replace high-water-	ESD
	Landscaping Ordinance (WELO) Update	consuming with drought-tolerant landscaping and to reduce impermeable surface area citywide.	
27	Energy and Water Building Performance Ordinance (BPO)	On December 11, 2018, San José City Council approved the BPO. Through a phased-in implementation schedule, the BPO requires property owners of large commercial and multi-family properties 20,000 square feet in size and above to benchmark these properties' energy and water use and report this to the City annually, using the US EPA ENERGYSTAR Portfolio Manager® (ESPM) platform. On a rolling five-year cycle, starting in 2023, buildings will also have to complete one of the two "Beyond Benchmarking Pathways" through which they will have to either 1) demonstrate high performance or performance improvement; or 2) complete an audit, building re-tuning, or targeted efficiency actions with the goal of improving their performance. Starting in 2020, owners were also required to submit a reporting fee (currently \$150) concurrently with their benchmarking report. The BPO builds on existing state law (CA Assembly Bill 802) that established a statewide building energy use benchmarking program for buildings 50,000 sf in size and larger. Compliance with San José's BPO relieves building owners from reporting to the state. In 2021, Staff began sharing energy and water data with buildings via customized scorecards.	ESD