

COUNCIL AGENDA: 3/25/25 FILE: 25-288 ITEM: 3.4

Memorandum

TO: HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

SUBJECT: Annual Summary of Upcoming Labor Negotiations **FROM:** Jennifer A. Maguire

DATE: March 3, 2025

COUNCIL DISTRICT: Citywide

RECOMMENDATION

Accept the staff report and public input on the Annual Summary of Upcoming Labor Negotiations.

SUMMARY AND OUTCOME

As recommended by the Sunshine Reform Taskforce and approved by the City Council, this report will provide the public an opportunity to have information related to labor negotiations in advance of the commencement of negotiations and to provide input to the City Council.

BACKGROUND

Pursuant to the Public Information provisions of the Sunshine Reform Task Force Phase 1 Report approved by the City Council on August 21, 2007 and subsequent Resolution No. 77135 adopted by the City Council on August 26, 2014 and Resolution No. RES2024-99 adopted by the City Council on April 9, 2024, staff is to bring forward to the City Council in open session on an annual basis a summary of labor negotiations for the upcoming year. The purpose of this process is to provide an opportunity for the public to be informed about the City of San José's (City) labor negotiations before the City commences negotiations and to provide the City Council input before the negotiations begin.

This memorandum provides a summary of background information related to labor negotiations, a summary of bargaining unit information, personnel cost information, and a summary of labor negotiations cost saving strategies.

The following chart shows the City's bargaining units, total Full Time Equivalents (FTEs¹) contained within the <u>2024-2025 Adopted Budget</u> represented by each bargaining unit and the expiration of their most recent contracts. In addition to the bargaining units listed below, there are approximately 389 unrepresented FTEs, including unrepresented employees in units 99, 81, and 82.

Bargaining Unit / Union		Approximate FTEs ²	Contract Expiration
San José Police Officers' Association	(POA)	1,166	06/30/25
Association of Building, Mechanical, and Electrical Inspectors	(ABMEI)	81	06/30/26
Association of Engineers and Architects, IFPTE Local 21 Unit 41/42 and Unit 43	(AEA)	354	06/30/26
Association of Legal Professionals of San José	(ALP)	48	06/30/26
Association of Maintenance Supervisory Personnel, IFPTE Local 21	(AMSP)	142	06/30/26
City Association of Management Personnel, IFPTE Local 21	(CAMP)	595	06/30/26
Municipal Employees' Federation, AFSCME Local 101	(MEF)	2,453	06/30/26
San Jose Police Dispatchers' Association	(SJPDA)	160	06/30/26
San José Fire Fighters, IAFF, Local 230	(IAFF)	714	06/30/27
International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local 332	(IBEW)	79	06/30/27
International Union of Operating Engineers, Local #3	(OE#3)	793	06/30/27
Peace Officer Park Ranger Association	(POPRA)	20	06/30/27
TOTAL		6,605	

The City currently has multi-year contracts with eleven bargaining units, including agreements with ABMEI, AEA, ALP, AMSP, CAMP, MEF, and SJPDA that are set to expire on June 30, 2026, and agreements with IAFF, IBEW, OE#3, and POPRA that are set to expire on June 30, 2027.

The City's agreement with the POA is set to expire on June 30, 2025. As of the date that this memorandum was drafted, the City has not yet begun negotiations over a successor agreement with the POA; however, negotiations are expected to commence in March 2025.

The 2026-2030 Five Year Forecast (Forecast), released February 28, 2025, projects a General Fund shortfall of approximately \$46 million in 2025-2026. However, the formal projected shortfall for 2025-2026 does not include programs funded on a one-time basis in 2024-2025, unmet/deferred infrastructure and maintenance needs, one-time revenue sources or expenditure needs, and any new investments that City Council may deem critical to address existing service level deficiencies or expand services in targeted areas. A notable example of this is the cost of additional work that may be necessary

¹ Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) are the combined total number of budgeted full-time positions. For example, one full-time position equals one FTE. Similarly, two half-time positions equal one FTE.

² **Source**: <u>2024-2025 Adopted Budget</u>; does not include approximately 389 unrepresented positions.

for continued implementation of the City's Stormwater Permit related to individuals experiencing homelessness living adjacent to waterways. If the 2025-2026 shortfall is fully resolved on an ongoing basis, a shortfall of approximately \$53 million would still need to be addressed in 2026-2027, followed by a small shortfall in 2027-2028 and slight surpluses over the remaining two years of the Forecast.

ANALYSIS

Personnel Costs and 2025-2026 Cost Savings Strategies that are Subject to Meet and Confer with the City's Bargaining Units

As a service organization, the great majority of the City's costs pay for the employees who provide those services. As the City enters into current labor negotiations with the POA and brings forward a balanced budget, the City will need to balance the importance of bringing revenues and expenditures into alignment with the service delivery needs of the community and the recruitment and retention of the City's workforce.

There are operational issues that are subject to the meet and confer process that may need to be addressed in the upcoming fiscal year. These will continue to be discussed with the affected City departments and will be brought forward to the City Council in Closed Session for recommendations, if applicable.

Labor Negotiations Background

The City negotiates in accordance with various City policies, laws, and regulations as explained below.

Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations

In June 2007, the City Council approved guiding principles for labor negotiations, which aligned the approach to bargaining with the priorities established by both the City Council and the community and which were subsequently revised in April 2014. The Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations are included as **Attachments A and B**, respectively.

Council Policy – Council Labor Negotiation and Transparency Guidelines

In March 2008, the City Council approved a Council Policy on Labor Negotiation and Transparency Guidelines, which applies to the Mayor, members of the City Council, and Mayor and City Council staff. The purpose of the policy is to set guidelines for the City Council and Council staff to ensure labor negotiations are conducted in good faith and to avoid actions that would circumvent the City's designated bargaining team. The Council Labor Negotiation and Transparency Guidelines are included as **Attachment C**.

Meyers-Milias-Brown Act (MMBA)

The MMBA governs the labor-management relations in California local government, including cities, counties, and most special districts. The MMBA provides the right to organize, sets guidelines for such items as scope of representation, and sets the requirement to meet and confer in good faith.

The MMBA states that the governing body of a public agency shall meet and confer in good faith regarding wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment with representatives of recognized employee organizations (i.e., unions / bargaining units).

Although it is commonly referred to as an obligation to "negotiate," the MMBA refers to the obligation to "meet and confer" in good faith. The MMBA defines meeting and conferring in good faith as having the mutual obligation to personally meet and confer promptly upon request by either party and continue for a reasonable period of time in order to freely exchange information, opinions, and proposals and to endeavor to reach agreement on matters within the scope of representation.

The MMBA defines the scope of representation as all matters related to employment conditions and employer-employee relations including, but not limited to, wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment; however, the scope of representation shall not include consideration of the merits, necessity, or organization of any service or activity provided by law or executive order.

City of San José Employer-Employee Relations Resolution (#39367)

In addition to the MMBA, the City has local rules that govern collective bargaining between the City and the recognized bargaining units that represent City employees.

Section 21 of Resolution #39367 designates the City Manager as the Municipal Employee Relations Officer. As such, the City Manager is the City's principal representative in all matters of employer-employee relations, with authority to meet and confer in good faith on matters within the scope of representation including wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment. Resolution #39367 also authorizes the City Manager to delegate these duties and responsibilities to an Employee Relations Officer or other members of their staff.

Negotiation / "Meet and Confer" Process

As mentioned above, under the MMBA, the City has an obligation to "meet and confer" in good faith with the City's bargaining units regarding wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment. The City Manager has delegated the authority to meet and confer to the City Manager's Office of Employee Relations. The negotiations for a new agreement typically commence prior to the expiration of an existing Memorandum of Agreement. The City and the union each establish a negotiating team. Resolution

#39367 provides for paid release time for up to three bargaining unit team members for time spent during the negotiation meetings that coincide with the employees' normal work hours.

During negotiations, the City team meets with the union team to discuss various issues and interests for the new contract. The City's negotiating team is provided negotiation authorization by the City Council through the City Manager in Closed Session. Proposals are exchanged related to the issues presented during the negotiations. Tentative agreements are often reached on individual issues as part of the negotiation process and ultimately, a tentative agreement is reached on the entire contract. All tentative agreements are contingent upon ratification of the union membership and approval of the City Council in open session.

If negotiations do not result in a tentative agreement on a new contract, Resolution #39367 states that impasse procedures may be invoked by either party and provides for mediation as the impasse procedure. If mediation assists the parties in reaching an agreement, it is still contingent upon ratification of the union membership and approval of the City Council in open session.

Impasse Procedures and Arbitration

As a result of the passage of Assembly Bill 646, effective January 1, 2012, local government agencies like the City of San José are required to include factfinding in their impasse procedures for any bargaining unit requesting to do so that is not subject to binding interest arbitration; it is worth noting that factfinding can be requested solely by the bargaining unit and not the agency. Additionally, Assembly Bill 1606 was passed in 2012, and provided additional requirements regarding factfinding. Previously, if the parties reached an impasse and had exhausted any applicable impasse procedures, a public agency had the option to unilaterally implement its last, best, and final offer; however, factfinding has added additional layers of time and complexity. The notable changes created by factfinding include the agency holding a public hearing on the impasse; a written, non-binding, findings of fact and recommended terms of settlement issued by the factfinding panel; and the prohibition on a public agency from unilateral implementation of its last, best, and final offer until certain time criteria are met. Factfinding, if invoked by a bargaining unit, will increase the costs as well as increase the use of resources and time associated with the bargaining process.

It is the goal of both parties to reach negotiated agreements and both the City and bargaining units have been very successful in the past in doing so. However, the MMBA states that a public agency may, after impasse procedures have been exhausted, including factfinding if invoked, implement its last, best, and final offer. In addition, after impasse procedures have been concluded and an agreement has not been reached on a new contract, the bargaining unit has the right to strike and/or engage in other protected concerted activity, except for police officers and fire fighters who do not have the right to strike.

For the POA and the IAFF, if the parties fail to reach agreement after participating in mediation, City Charter Section 1111, provides for an Arbitration Board, comprised of a City representative, union representative, and a neutral arbitrator to decide each issue by majority vote. The results of arbitration are binding. The City Charter limits outside arbitrators from: basing awards to employees primarily on the City's ability to pay; creating any unfunded liability for the City; increasing police and firefighter compensation more than the rate of increase in General Fund revenues; granting retroactive benefits; and depriving or interfering with the discretion of the Police Chief or Fire Chief to make managerial, operational, or staffing decisions.

2025 Labor Negotiations

As noted above, in 2025 the City will commence negotiations with the POA, whose current agreement expires on June 30, 2025, regarding a successor collective bargaining agreement. The POA represents approximately 1,166 FTEs, including the classifications of Police Recruit, Police Officer, Police Sergeant, Police Lieutenant, and Police Captain.

In addition to negotiations with the POA on a successor Memorandum of Agreement, the City may engage in discussions with:

- *MEF* related to the duties assigned to incumbents in the Community Services Officer I/II and Senior Community Services Officer classifications.
- *CAMP* related to the duties assigned to incumbents in the Supervising Community Services Officer classification.

The City will commence discussions with the bargaining units on issues, as they arise.

Transparency / Sunshine Reform

This Annual Summary of Upcoming Labor Negotiations report is to provide the public with information related to labor negotiations prior to the negotiations process in order to provide an opportunity for the public to give input to the City Council.

Also, as part of the Sunshine Reform, the City provides the public with information on the City's internet related to ongoing negotiations, costs of benefits and other payroll costs. This information can be found at the following locations.

Labor Negotiations	https://www.sanjoseca.gov/your-government/departments- offices/office-of-the-city-manager/employee-relations/labor-relations- information
Benefits	https://www.sanjoseca.gov/your-government/departments- offices/human-resources/benefits
Payroll Costs	https://www.sanjoseca.gov/your-government/departments- offices/office-of-the-city-manager/employee-relations/labor-relations- information/information-resources/total-compensation-information

EVALUATION AND FOLLOW-UP

When Tentative Agreements are reached with bargaining units during negotiations for a successor collective bargaining agreement, they will be brought to the City Council in Open Session for approval. Specific negotiation direction from the City Council will be received in Closed Session.

COORDINATION

This memorandum has been coordinated with the City Attorney's Office and the City Manager's Budget Office.

PUBLIC OUTREACH

This item is being provided in accordance with the Sunshine Ordinance. To provide the public with information about the City's labor negotiations, this report will be posted on the internet in advance of the March 25, 2025, City Council meeting. Bargaining unit representatives will be notified of this agenda item in advance. A copy will be sent to them as soon as the memorandum has been distributed.

COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION AND INPUT

No commission recommendation or input is associated with this action.

<u>CEQA</u>

Not a Project, File No. PP17-009, Staff Reports, Assessments, Annual Reports, and Informational Memos that involve no approvals of any City action.

PUBLIC SUBSIDY REPORTING

This item does not include a public subsidy as defined in section 53083 or 53083.1 of the California Government Code or the City's Open Government Resolution.

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Jennifer A. Maguire City Manager

For questions, please contact Aram Kouyoumdjian, Director of the City Manager's Office of Employee Relations and Director of Human Resources, at (408) 535-8150.

ATTACHMENTS

- A Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations
- B Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations related to Compensation
- C Council Policy Council Labor Negotiation and Transparency Guidelines

COUNCL AGENDA: 06/12/07 ITEM: 3-3



TO: HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL Memorandum

FROM: Les White

SUBJECT: See Below

DATE: May 31, 2007

COUNCIL DISTRICT: <u>City-Wide</u> SNI AREA: N/A

SUBJECT: GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR LABOR NEGOTIATIONS

RECOMMENDATION

Approve the guiding principles for labor negotiations.

OUTCOME

Adoption of the guiding principles for labor negotiations.

BACKGROUND

In accordance with the Mayor's March Budget Message, the proposed budget for Fiscal Year 2007-2008, responds to the priorities of both the community and the City Council, while addressing the sixth consecutive year of a multi-million dollar General Fund shortfall. However, projected growth in personal service costs continues to out-pace revenue growth through Fiscal Year 2011-2012.

Personal service costs account for two-thirds of the total General Fund uses. The increase of approximately 45% in the average budgeted position cost from 2000 to present can be attributed to three main cost components: salary, health care benefits and pension benefits. Along with the budget shortfalls already predicted for the next five fiscal years and the continued increases in cost for current employee salaries and benefits, liability for post-employment health care benefits for retirees has been estimated to be as high as \$1.4 billion.

Salaries and benefits are determined through the negotiation process with the City's bargaining units. In order to address the significant issues identified above, the City should be guided by principles in labor negotiations in order to remain mindful of the service needs of the City and the continued fiscal challenges.

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL May 31, 2007 Subject: Guiding Principles Page 2 of 3

ANALYSIS

One of the primary functions of the City is to provide services to the community. Accordingly, 2/3 of the General Fund is allocated to personal services. However, personal services costs have risen significantly during a time of serious fiscal challenges. Fiscal Year 2007-2008 marks the sixth consecutive year of budget shortfalls, with projected shortfalls in the next four years.

As the City continues to explore innovative methods to bridge the gap between revenue and expenses, it is important to partner with our bargaining units in addressing these ongoing costs. Although it is very important to work together with our employees and bargaining unit representatives on collaborative efforts on an on-going basis, the cost of salaries and benefits of bargaining unit employees are determined through the contract negotiation process. These negotiations occur prior the expiration of the eleven agreements with the bargaining units. These agreements expire at different times and in different years.

The following guiding principles are being presented for consideration related to present and future labor negotiations:

- Focus on the cost of total compensation¹ while considering the City's fiscal condition, revenue growth, and changes in the Consumer Price Index
- Use short-term and long-term strategies to address increasing benefit costs such as wellness programs, cost containment initiatives, etc.
- Maintain a consistent approach to bargaining through clear, ongoing communication of policy direction among City Council and City staff
- Remain mindful of increasing costs, including the retiree healthcare liability
- To the extent possible, preserve the City's market competitiveness as an employer
- Efficiently and effectively provide services that align with both the priorities of the community and the City Council

These guiding principles will align the approach to bargaining with the priorities established by both the Council and the community.

PUBLIC OUTREACH/INTEREST

The purpose of this section is to describe discussions that have occurred with the public, stakeholders, community groups and/or other governmental agencies. Staff will be asked to use the following checklist to determine if items are to be considered items of "Significant Public Interest", thus requiring additional notification per the matrix below. Please note the outreach that was done.

¹ Total Compensation includes the total costs of a position including salary, pension, and all other benefits.

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL May 31, 2007 Subject: Guiding Principles Page 3 of 3

Criteria 1: Requires Council action on the use of public funds equal to \$1 million or greater. (Required: Website Posting)

Criteria 2: Adoption of a new or revised policy that may have implications for public health, safety, quality of life, or financial/economic vitality of the City. (Required: E-mail and Website Posting)

Criteria 3: Consideration of proposed changes to service delivery, programs, staffing that may have impacts to community services and have been identified by staff, Council or a Community group that requires special outreach. (Required: E-mail, Website Posting, Community Meetings, Notice in appropriate newspapers)

Public Outreach does not apply to the item; however, this memorandum will be placed on the City website for the June 12, 2007 Council Agenda.

COORDINATION

This memorandum has been coordinated with the City Manager's Budget Office and Office of Employee Relations. A meeting is scheduled with the City Labor Alliance (CLA) to review these principles and receive comments.

CEQA

Not a project.

HITE

City Manager

For questions please contact me at 535-8111.

Attachment B

COUNCIL AGENDA: 4/08/14 ITEM: 3.3

CITY OF CAPITAL OF SILICON

Memorandum

TO: HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL FROM: Edward K. Shikada

SUBJECT: APPROVAL OF REVISED GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR LABOR NEGOTIATIONS RELATED TO COMPENSATION DATE: March 27, 2014

RECOMMENDATION

Approve revised Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations related to compensation.

OUTCOME

If approved by the City Council, staff will utilize the Guiding Principles during negotiations with the City's bargaining groups.

BACKGROUND

On June 12, 2007, the City Council approved the following Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations:

- Focus on the total cost of compensation while considering the City's fiscal condition, revenue growth, and changes in the Consumer Price Index.
- Use short-term and long-term strategies to address increasing benefit costs such as wellness programs, cost containment initiatives, etc.
- Maintain a consistent approach to bargaining through clear, ongoing communication of policy direction among City Council and City staff.
- *Remain mindful of increasing costs, including the retiree healthcare liability.*
- To the extent possible, preserve the City's market competitiveness as an employer.
- *Efficiently and effectively provide services that align with both the priorities of the community and the City Council.*

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL March 27, 2014 Subject: Revisions to Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations Related to Compensation Page 2

At the time these guiding principles were approved, the City had undergone significant budget shortfalls and was facing even more significant budget shortfalls. It was recognized that for represented employees, salaries and benefits are determined through the negotiation process with the City's bargaining units. It was determined that in order to address the significant budget issues, the City should be guided by principles in labor negotiations in order to remain mindful of the service needs of the City and the continued fiscal challenges.

Subsequently, on March 4, 2008, the City Council adopted *Council Labor Negotiation and Transparency Guidelines*, which were revised on January 25, 2011. These guidelines are attached. These guidelines cover areas beyond compensation and benefits, and set parameters for the City Council when the City Manager or the City Manager's designee is in negotiations with any bargaining unit. These include the roles of Council members and staff relative to the City Manager's execution of the duty to negotiate on behalf of the City, and that written proposals made or received shall be posted for public review on the City's web site after the proposals have been submitted to the designated negotiators. Negotiation information can be found at the City's website at <u>http://www.sanjoseca.gov/index.aspx?NID=505</u>.

As indicated in the 2014-2015 City Manager's Budget Request and 2015-2019 Five-Year Forecast, the City's budget is in a fairly stable position over the forecast period. The difficult budget balancing actions implemented in recent years played a critical role in bringing revenues and expenditures in close alignment. These actions included a combination of significant service and position reductions, and employee total compensation reductions. These employee compensation reductions included but are not limited to a 10% total compensation reduction, rollback of a general wage increase of 2% two unions received, and benefit cost sharing changes. These were significant concessions made by City employees.

It is important to note that while the City's budget has stabilized, there continues to be a significant deficit in the service levels provided to the residents and businesses in San José. There are major gaps in services across the board that impact our community, from public safety to parks, libraries, and community services. There are also significant unmet deferred infrastructure and maintenance needs that will have a long-term impact on the City.

ANALYSIS

As noted above, significant changes have been made to employee compensation in that all City employees took an across the board compensation reduction of 10%. This was done in recognition that for Fiscal Year 2011-2012, the City had to address another General Fund shortfall of \$115 million. Yet despite achieving a 10% total compensation reduction for all employees, 140 employees were laid off, including 66 Police Officers.¹ Absent this sacrifice by the workforce, additional significant layoffs and resulting service reductions would have had to occur. This is illustrative of the difficult fiscal situation faced by the City and its employees that,

Source: 2011-2012 Adopted Budget.

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL March 27, 2014 Subject: Revisions to Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations Related to Compensation Page 3

regardless of the significant sacrifices made by employees, the City could not avoid a reduction in its workforce. This is also significant in that it was across the board, meaning every City employee took the wage reduction.

While the City must continue its pursuit of balancing the long-term need of eliminating the General Fund structural deficit, bringing revenues and expenditures into alignment, with the immediate service delivery needs of the community, the City also recognizes the needs of the workforce in restoring the pay reduction and has committed to doing so over time. For example, most City employees received a 2% general wage increase for Fiscal Year 2013-2014. The City is also cognizant that there might be areas in which pay may need to be restored more quickly due to recruitment and retention issues with certain classifications.

Also as noted in the 2015-2019 Five-Year Forecast, an employee compensation planning reserve and an employee market competitiveness reserve has been included. The employee compensation planning reserve is for planning purposes to restore over time the compensation reductions all employees took. The employee market competitiveness reserve is included to potentially provide salary adjustments to specific job classifications where significant ongoing recruitment and retention issues are being experienced.

The Administration is recommending revisions to the Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations in recognition of the changes in our budget situation and to provide guiding principles on negotiations related to increases that may need to occur for certain classifications represented by a bargaining unit due to recruitment and retention issues.

The following are the recommended revised Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations, to accompany the attached *Council Labor Negotiation and Transparency Guidelines, Policy 0-39*:

Salaries and benefits are determined through negotiations with bargaining units. In negotiations with the unions over salaries and benefits, the City will be guided by the following principles:

- The City strives to maintain a compensation structure that provides salaries and benefits that are competitive within the marketplace to attract and retain highly qualified employees.
- The City's fiscal circumstances will be considered when negotiating changes to compensation.
- The City will consider employee compensation and benefits in the context of providing high quality community services in both the short and long term.
- The City will consider Total Compensation (salary, pension, and all other benefits) while recognizing that market competitiveness adjustments may need to emphasize a review of "Total Cash Compensation" of comparable classifications.

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL March 27, 2014 Subject: Revisions to Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations Related to Compensation

Page 4

- Priorities for market-based compensation adjustments will consider recruitment, retention, and the market as these factors affect specific job classifications.
- Market competitiveness adjustments will be advanced as funding is identified.
- Negotiations regarding compensation should take into consideration both short term and long term strategies to address increasing benefit costs for both the City and employees, such as retiree healthcare.
- The City will maintain a consistent approach to bargaining through clear, ongoing communication of policy direction among City Council and City staff, as specified in Council Policy 0-39.

These revised guiding principles will align the approach to bargaining with the priorities established by both the Council and the community in recognition of our current circumstances.

EVALUATION AND FOLLOW-UP

Follow-up with the City Council related to this action is anticipated to occur through Closed Session direction and subsequent action in Open Session.

PUBLIC OUTREACH/INTEREST

Criteria 1: Requires Council action on the use of public funds equal to \$1 million or greater.

(Required: Website Posting)

- Criteria 2: Adoption of a new or revised policy that may have implications for public health, safety, quality of life, or financial/economic vitality of the City. (Required: E-mail and Website Posting)
- Criteria 3: Consideration of proposed changes to service delivery, programs, staffing that may have impacts to community services and have been identified by staff, Council or a Community group that requires special outreach. (Required: E-mail, Website Posting, Community Meetings, Notice in appropriate newspapers)

This memorandum doesn't meet any of the criteria above, but will be posted on the City's website in advance of the April 8, 2014 meeting.

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL March 27, 2014 Subject: Revisions to Guiding Principles for Labor Negotiations Related to Compensation Page 5

COORDINATION

This memorandum was coordinated with the City Attorney's Office.

CEQA

Not a Project, File No. PP10-068(b), Municipal Code or Policy change, Title 3 (Personnel).

EDWARD K. SHIKADA CITY MANAGER

For questions please contact Alex Gurza, Deputy City Manager, at (408) 535-8155.

Attachment

City of San José, California

COUNCIL POLICY

TITLE Council Labor Negotiation and Transparency Guidelines	PAGE 1 of 3	POLICY NUMBER 0-39
EFFECTIVE DATE March 4, 2008	REVISED DATE January 25, 2011	
APPROVED BY COUNCIL ACTION 3/4/ No. 75705	2008, Item 3.6, Res. No.	74265; 1/25/11, Item 3.2, Res.

BACKGROUND

Collective bargaining is governed by the Meyers-Milias-Brown Act (MMBA), the City of San José Employer-Employee Relations Resolution (#39367) and the City Charter. The City Charter designates the City Manager as the chief administrative officer of the City. Accordingly, Resolution #39367 delegates the authority to negotiate labor contracts on behalf of the City to the City Manager or the City Manager's designee.

Pursuant to the Meyers-Milias-Brown Act, the City has a right to insist that contract negotiations take place at the bargaining table between the designated representatives of the City and the designated representatives of the various bargaining unit employees. Members of the City Council shall not negotiate with employee representatives. Both the City and the bargaining units have an obligation under applicable laws to negotiate in good faith and not to bypass the negotiation teams.

As used in this policy, "negotiate" means to meet and confer with another to endeavor to reach agreement on matters within the scope of representation.

Unless agreed to by the City and the bargaining unit, negotiation sessions are confidential, but there is great public interest in having information about the negotiations available for public review.

PURPOSE

This policy applies only to the Mayor, members of the City Council, Mayor and Council staff, and Council Appointees.

References in this policy to members of the City Council or Council staff include the Mayor and Mayor's staff.

The purpose of this policy is to set guidelines for the City Council and Council staff to ensure labor negotiations are conducted in good faith, to avoid actions that would circumvent the City's designated bargaining team, and to provide timely and accurate information about the negotiations to the City Council and the public.

TITLE Council Labor Negotiation and	PAGE	POLICY NUMBER
Transparency Guidelines	2 of 3	0-39

POLICY

It is the policy of the City Council that all of its members and staff and Council Appointees shall abide by the following guidelines when the City Manager or the City Manager's designee is in negotiations with any bargaining unit:

- Pursuant to San Jose Resolution #39367, negotiations are conducted by the City Manager through his/her designee. Accordingly, negotiations regarding potential proposals and possible settlement shall occur between the City's designated negotiator(s) and the union's designated negotiator(s).
- Pursuant to Section 411 of the City Charter, while the Council may express its views to the City Manager, the Council shall not interfere with the execution by the City Manager of his or her authority and duty to negotiate on behalf of the City.
- Members of the City Council or Council staff or other Council Appointees shall not negotiate with the bargaining unit representatives or persons acting on their behalf.
- 4. In order to avoid misunderstandings and potential unfair labor practices, unless requested by the City Manager, members of the City Council or Council staff or other Council Appointees should not discuss with any bargaining unit representative or persons acting on their behalf any matter that is a subject of the negotiations while the City and the bargaining units are engaged in the negotiation process. The negotiating process shall be defined as the time period starting with the first negotiation session until a resolution has been achieved. This provision does not apply when the City Attorney is handling litigation on matters that are subject to negotiations, interest arbitration, or when the City Attorney is contacted by a bargaining unit's designated legal counsel to discuss legal issues. The City Attorney shall notify the City Manager of any such communications to ensure coordination with the legal issues and Council direction to the City Manager for labor negotiations.
- 5. Nothing in this policy shall prohibit members of the City Council, Council staff or Council Appointees from listening to bargaining unit representatives or persons acting on their behalf. Members of the City Council shall not knowingly respond to or discuss any proposals or any other confidential closed session discussion.
- Nothing in this policy shall preclude the City Manager from requesting the assistance of the City Attorney or other Council Appointees in carrying out the responsibilities as the Municipal Employee Relations Officer.
- Members of the City Council and City Council staff shall disclose to the City Manager and to the entire City Council material facts regarding issues related to ongoing negotiations. (See Council Policy 0-32 regarding disclosure of material facts).
- Authorization and direction to the City Manager is provided in closed or open session. If done in closed session, in order to maintain the integrity of the negotiation process, closed session discussions must remain confidential.
- 9. Written proposals made or received shall be posted for public review on the City's web site after the proposals have been submitted to the designated negotiators.

POLICY NUMBER
of 3 0-39

- 10. The City Manager will provide periodic updates on labor negotiations to the City Council in open session except for elements that are required to be held confidential. These updates shall include a summary of proposals exchanged since the last update.
- 11. Bargaining unit representatives or persons acting on their behalf may comment on the City Manager's open session labor negotiations update. This shall be done during open session to ensure all of the Council receives the same information. The City Council may listen to these statements made in the public forum and may ask questions for clarification purposes, but shall not respond to the comments, or engage in dialogue or any other form of bargaining with the representatives.
- 12. Nothing in this policy shall limit, restrict, or modify any of the powers provided to Council Appointees under the City Charter.